Nevada KIDS COUNT Data Book: 2008

Prepared by the Center for Business and Economic Research (CBER)

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Jeff Hardcastle, Nevada State Demographer, Nevada Small Business Development Center, University of Nevada, Reno
# Table of Contents

**Overview of KIDS COUNT**

| Nevada Demographics | 4 |

**Health Conditions and Health Care**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Conditions and Health Care</th>
<th>7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Low-Birthweight Babies</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teen Births</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal Care</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public-Health Programs</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Insurance</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunizations</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental Health</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral Health</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AIDS</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STDs</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance Use</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diet and Exercise</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Economic Well-Being**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Economic Well-Being</th>
<th>35</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Poverty</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Care</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Support</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Education and Achievement**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education and Achievement</th>
<th>45</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formal Education System</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeschooling</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student-Achievement Examinations</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College-Entrance Examinations</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Proficiency Examination</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Millennium Scholarship</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Dropouts and Graduation</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Education</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Programs</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Childhood Education</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Head Start</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Child and Youth Safety/Welfare**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Child and Youth Safety/Welfare</th>
<th>67</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Child Abuse and Neglect</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substitute Care</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adoption</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Juvenile Justice**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Juvenile Justice</th>
<th>81</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile Crime</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appendix**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appendix</th>
<th>87</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nevada County Data: 2006</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acknowledgements</td>
<td>91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WHAT is KIDS COUNT?
KIDS COUNT is a well-known, well-respected project of the Annie E. Casey Foundation. Its purpose is to track the well-being of children at both the national and the state levels. All 50 states have a KIDS COUNT project, allowing for state-by-state comparisons of child well-being indicators.

In Nevada, the primary activities of the KIDS COUNT project are to:

- collect, analyze, and distribute the best available data measuring the educational, social, economic, and physical well-being of children and youth in Nevada;
- educate and inform decision-makers, citizens, service providers, providers of funding, and community partners regarding data, policy, and resource analysis;
- provide linkages with community efforts to reach decision-makers with information concerning relevant issues for children and youth.

WHAT is the Nevada KIDS COUNT Data Book: 2008?
This report represents the ongoing effort of the Nevada KIDS COUNT project to provide a profile of the children and youth in our state.

WHAT is the Center for Business and Economic Research (CBER)?
The Center for Business and Economic Research, established in 1975, aids businesses and agencies in achieving the fullest expression of economic potential by providing academic expertise in data collection, business-conditions analysis, and research projects that assist the development and diversification of the Nevada economy. CBER serves Nevadans by making presentations for conferences, task forces, symposiums, and meetings of Nevada organizations. The work of CBER is rather evenly split between data collection and analysis, market analysis, business-conditions analysis, financial feasibility studies, and econometric modeling. CBER’s staff publishes many reports and conducts both basic and applied research. CBER’s relationship with KIDS COUNT began in 1996 when it began providing data for the Nevada KIDS COUNT Data Book. Since 2000, CBER has been publishing the Data Book.

WHAT is the layout of the Nevada KIDS COUNT Data Book: 2008?
This year's Data Book is similar to past years' books. We provide indicators reflecting critical elements of child and youth well-being. The indicators are organized as follows:

- Definition: A description of what the indicator is and what it measures
- Map: Rates or percentages are presented for each county
- Nevada: Most recent state data for each indicator
- Counties: Most recent county data where applicable

HOW were the data indicators selected?
Nevada KIDS COUNT presents four of the ten indicators identified and used by the Annie E. Casey Foundation in its state-by-state assessment. (Fewer indicators were presented this year due to the unavailability of death data at the time of printing.) The Foundation believes: “... (1) They [indicators] reflect a wide range of factors affecting the well-being of children, such as health, adequacy of income, and educational attainment. (2) They reflect experiences across a range of developmental stages—from birth through early adulthood. (3) They permit legitimate comparisons because they are consistent across states and over time.” (See KIDS COUNT Data Book: 2008 by the Annie E. Casey Foundation, p. 32.)
Overview of KIDS COUNT

The 10 indicators are:
- percent low-birthweight babies
- infant mortality rate
- child death rate
- teen death rate
- teen birth rate
- percent of teens who are high school dropouts
- percent of teens not attending school and not working
- percent of children living in families where no parent has full-time, year-round employment
- percent of children in poverty
- percent of children in single-parent families

In recent years, Nevada KIDS COUNT added additional indicators based on recommendations by Data Book users. Practical considerations guided the selection process of the additional indicators, including whether the individual indicators were:
- relevant
- substantially researched
- regularly measured
- representative of selected segments of children and youth
- available at the county level
- verifiable with reliable data sources

WHAT are the limitations of the data?
The atypical population distribution in Nevada counties with very small populations may create a serious “rare event” problem. Multiple-year averages stabilize and improve the usefulness of these data. Still, even when averaged, caution should be used when drawing conclusions from rates or percentages based on small numbers.

Because rates based on small denominators are likely to be statistically unreliable, rates were not calculated for counties with small denominators. The designation, NM = Not Meaningful, is noted in the maps; and raw data are provided as applicable in the County Data section. Also, the sum of the county data may not equal the state total due to rounding and/or missing county-reference data.

Many of our data providers need time to compile and disseminate accurate information. Therefore, current-year data were sometimes not available when this report was produced. For example, as mentioned earlier, mortality data on infants, children, and teens are not presented because the data were not available at the time the book was published.

This year’s Data Book and previous years’ are easily accessed online at: http://kidscount.unlv.edu.
WHERE did Nevada improve or deteriorate?
Comparing the data on five of the child well-being indicators from last year’s Data Book with this year’s, we find that three improved and two declined. Of the indicators that changed, the juvenile violent crime arrest rate change was the most pronounced, dropping from 216.5 to 203.8.

Comparison of Child Well-Being Indicators in Nevada: 2007 and 2008 Data Books

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Nevada 2007 Data Book</th>
<th>Nevada 2008 Data Book</th>
<th>Comparison</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percent low-birthweight babies</td>
<td>8.1% (2003-05)</td>
<td>8.2% (2004-06)</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teen birth rate</td>
<td>46.6 (2003-05)</td>
<td>46.2 (2004-06)</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of children in poverty</td>
<td>15.3% (2004)</td>
<td>15.4% (2005)</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High school dropout rate</td>
<td>5.7% (2004-05)</td>
<td>4.6% (2005-06)</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile violent crime arrest rate</td>
<td>216.5 (2003-05)</td>
<td>203.8 (2004-06)</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The infant mortality rate, child death rate, and teen death rate are not presented because the data were not available at the time the book was published. 
Projected Demographic Change of Children and Youth in Nevada by Age: 2006 to 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>Percent Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4 years</td>
<td>186,552</td>
<td>233,463</td>
<td>25.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-14 years</td>
<td>358,750</td>
<td>430,061</td>
<td>19.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19 years</td>
<td>186,107</td>
<td>220,514</td>
<td>18.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL CHILDREN</td>
<td>731,409</td>
<td>884,038</td>
<td>20.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Resident-population estimates excluding group quarters.
Source: Nevada State Demographer, resident-population estimates as of February 2008.

Percent of Children and Youth in Nevada by Age: 2006

- 0-4 Years: 25.5%
- 5-14 Years: 49.1%
- 15-19 Years: 25.4%

Source: Nevada State Demographer, resident-population estimates as of February 2008.
## Demographics of Children and Youth in Nevada by Race/Ethnicity: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Less Than 18 Years of Age</th>
<th>Less Than 20 Years of Age</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>320,873</td>
<td>48.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic (all races)</td>
<td>230,009</td>
<td>35.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (African American)</td>
<td>54,896</td>
<td>8.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian and Pacific Islander</td>
<td>41,916</td>
<td>6.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American</td>
<td>9,102</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL CHILDREN</td>
<td>656,796</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The racial/ethnic categories were provided by the Nevada State Demographer.  
**Source:** Nevada State Demographer, resident-population estimates as of February 2008.

## Estimated Number of Nevada Households by Type: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Number (Estimate)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Family households (families)*</td>
<td>612,349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With own children under 18 years</td>
<td>295,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married-couple families</td>
<td>443,841</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With own children under 18 years</td>
<td>195,919</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male householder, no wife present</td>
<td>59,826</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With own children under 18 years</td>
<td>32,622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female householder, no husband present</td>
<td>108,682</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With own children under 18 years</td>
<td>67,025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonfamily households</td>
<td>324,479</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total households</td>
<td>936,828</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average household size**</td>
<td>2.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average family size***</td>
<td>3.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The 2006 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters.  
**“A family includes a householder and one or more people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A family household may contain people not related to the householder, but those people are not included as part of the householder’s family in census tabulations. Thus, the number of family households is equal to the number of families, but family households may include more members than do families. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated people or one person living alone.”**  
**“A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in households by the total number of households (or householder).”**  
**“A measure obtained by dividing the number of members of families by the total number of families (or family households).”** From U.S. Census Bureau, “American Factfinder Glossary,” available online at: <http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/epss/glossary_a.html> as of 9/24/07.  
**Source:** U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey, “Nevada, General Demographic Characteristics: 2006,” available online at: <http://factfinder.census.gov/servlet/ADPTable?_bm=y&-geo_id=04000US32&_qt_name=ACS_2006_EST_G00_DP2&_ds_name=ACS_2006_EST_G00_&-_lang=en&_sse=on> as of 9/24/07.
### Age Distribution of Nevadans by County: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Less Than 5 Years of Age</th>
<th>5-17* Years of Age</th>
<th>5-19* Years of Age</th>
<th>18-44 Years of Age</th>
<th>20-44 Years of Age</th>
<th>45-64 Years of Age</th>
<th>Over 64 Years of Age</th>
<th>Less Than 18 Years of Age</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>3,553</td>
<td>9,770</td>
<td>11,236</td>
<td>18,507</td>
<td>17,041</td>
<td>15,108</td>
<td>8,290</td>
<td>24</td>
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<td>55,228</td>
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<td>Churchill</td>
<td>1,842</td>
<td>5,550</td>
<td>6,391</td>
<td>9,905</td>
<td>9,064</td>
<td>6,870</td>
<td>3,204</td>
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<td>30</td>
<td>27,371</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>138,632</td>
<td>339,016</td>
<td>392,011</td>
<td>757,084</td>
<td>704,089</td>
<td>436,258</td>
<td>203,847</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>1,874,837</td>
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<td>Douglas</td>
<td>2,258</td>
<td>7,269</td>
<td>8,592</td>
<td>16,316</td>
<td>14,993</td>
<td>17,170</td>
<td>8,758</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>51,770</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>3,099</td>
<td>9,369</td>
<td>10,997</td>
<td>19,619</td>
<td>17,991</td>
<td>12,560</td>
<td>3,692</td>
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<td>29</td>
<td>48,339</td>
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<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>505</td>
<td>464</td>
<td>349</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>1,262</td>
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<td>Eureka</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>495</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>379</td>
<td>181</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>1,460</td>
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<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>1,199</td>
<td>3,598</td>
<td>4,107</td>
<td>6,193</td>
<td>5,684</td>
<td>4,991</td>
<td>1,770</td>
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<td>30</td>
<td>17,751</td>
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<td>Lander</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>1,295</td>
<td>1,498</td>
<td>1,831</td>
<td>1,629</td>
<td>1,664</td>
<td>554</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>5,655</td>
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<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>206</td>
<td>615</td>
<td>742</td>
<td>1,280</td>
<td>1,154</td>
<td>910</td>
<td>645</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>3,657</td>
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<td>Lyon</td>
<td>3,333</td>
<td>8,829</td>
<td>10,177</td>
<td>19,137</td>
<td>17,789</td>
<td>14,979</td>
<td>7,753</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>54,031</td>
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<td>Mineral</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>786</td>
<td>929</td>
<td>1,245</td>
<td>1,103</td>
<td>1,227</td>
<td>937</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>4,399</td>
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<td>Nye</td>
<td>2,075</td>
<td>6,824</td>
<td>7,929</td>
<td>12,754</td>
<td>11,649</td>
<td>13,599</td>
<td>9,542</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>44,795</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>298</td>
<td>1,008</td>
<td>1,207</td>
<td>2,101</td>
<td>1,902</td>
<td>1,435</td>
<td>710</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>5,552</td>
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<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>410</td>
<td>516</td>
<td>1,242</td>
<td>1,137</td>
<td>1,641</td>
<td>684</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>4,110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>28,848</td>
<td>73,944</td>
<td>86,235</td>
<td>161,172</td>
<td>148,881</td>
<td>102,562</td>
<td>42,558</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>409,085</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>437</td>
<td>1,486</td>
<td>1,745</td>
<td>2,699</td>
<td>2,440</td>
<td>2,210</td>
<td>1,476</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>8,308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA**</td>
<td>186,552</td>
<td>470,244</td>
<td>544,857</td>
<td>1,032,086</td>
<td>957,473</td>
<td>633,914</td>
<td>294,814</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>2,617,610</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Two age ranges of data are provided because some of the child well-being indicators reflect children and youth through age 17, and others through age 19.

**The sum of the counties may not equal the state total due to missing or incomplete county-reference data.

Source: Nevada State Demographer, resident-population estimates as of February 2008.
## Nevada Demographics

### Age and Racial/Ethnic Distribution of Nevada Children and Youth by County: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>White Less Than 18 Years of Age</th>
<th>White Less Than 20 Years of Age</th>
<th>Hispanic Less Than 18 Years of Age</th>
<th>Hispanic Less Than 20 Years of Age</th>
<th>Black (African American) Less Than 18 Years of Age</th>
<th>Black (African American) Less Than 20 Years of Age</th>
<th>Asian or Pacific Islander Less Than 18 Years of Age</th>
<th>Asian or Pacific Islander Less Than 20 Years of Age</th>
<th>Native American Less Than 18 Years of Age</th>
<th>Native American Less Than 20 Years of Age</th>
<th>Total Less Than 18 Years of Age</th>
<th>Total Less Than 20 Years of Age</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>8,812</td>
<td>9,823</td>
<td>3,780</td>
<td>4,144</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>322</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>13,323</td>
<td>14,789</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>5,388</td>
<td>5,996</td>
<td>1,070</td>
<td>1,198</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>173</td>
<td>319</td>
<td>337</td>
<td>465</td>
<td>529</td>
<td>7,392</td>
<td>8,233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>207,399</td>
<td>232,043</td>
<td>180,663</td>
<td>199,060</td>
<td>51,253</td>
<td>57,071</td>
<td>34,302</td>
<td>37,925</td>
<td>4,031</td>
<td>4,544</td>
<td>477,648</td>
<td>530,644</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>7,803</td>
<td>8,879</td>
<td>1,280</td>
<td>1,462</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>221</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>9,527</td>
<td>10,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>8,749</td>
<td>9,790</td>
<td>2,930</td>
<td>3,400</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>633</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>12,468</td>
<td>14,096</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>369</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>405</td>
<td>437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>3,216</td>
<td>3,572</td>
<td>1,291</td>
<td>1,422</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>236</td>
<td>4,797</td>
<td>5,306</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>1,105</td>
<td>1,233</td>
<td>413</td>
<td>474</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>1,606</td>
<td>1,808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>731</td>
<td>848</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>822</td>
<td>948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>9,270</td>
<td>10,298</td>
<td>2,329</td>
<td>2,582</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>318</td>
<td>354</td>
<td>12,162</td>
<td>13,510</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>604</td>
<td>679</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>156</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>201</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>990</td>
<td>1,132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>6,963</td>
<td>7,827</td>
<td>1,420</td>
<td>1,579</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>239</td>
<td>8,900</td>
<td>10,005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>883</td>
<td>1,024</td>
<td>339</td>
<td>388</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>1,306</td>
<td>1,505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>464</td>
<td>557</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>542</td>
<td>647</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>57,452</td>
<td>64,827</td>
<td>33,924</td>
<td>37,410</td>
<td>2,930</td>
<td>3,304</td>
<td>6,262</td>
<td>7,054</td>
<td>2,225</td>
<td>2,490</td>
<td>102,793</td>
<td>115,084</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>1,538</td>
<td>1,737</td>
<td>233</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>1,922</td>
<td>2,181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA*</td>
<td>320,872</td>
<td>359,690</td>
<td>230,009</td>
<td>253,785</td>
<td>54,896</td>
<td>61,203</td>
<td>41,916</td>
<td>46,464</td>
<td>9,102</td>
<td>10,268</td>
<td>656,796</td>
<td>731,409</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NA = Not Applicable.

*The sum of the counties may not equal the state total due to rounding.

Source: Nevada State Demographer, resident-population estimates as of February 2008.
Health Conditions and Health Care
**Low-Birthweight Babies**

**Definition**

Low-Birthweight (LBW) Babies are those weighing less than 2,500 grams (about 5.5 pounds) at birth. Low-birthweight data, reported by mother’s county of residence rather than infant’s place of birth, measure the percentage of live births in which babies weigh less than 2,500 grams.

**Percent of Low-Birthweight Babies in Nevada: 2004-2006**

- **Nevada:** 8.2%
- **Storey:** 8.6%
- **Carson City:** 6.8%
- **Douglas:** 7.7%
- **Lyon:** 7.0%
- **Mineral:** 8.3%
- **Esmeralda:** 4.8%
- **Washoe:** 8.4%
- **Pershing:** 6.6%
- **Churchill:** 7.7%
- **Lander:** 6.2%
- **Eureka:** 5.8%
- **White Pine:** 5.0%
- **Lyon:** 5.0%
- **Lincoln:** 5.1%
- **Clark:** 8.3%
- **Lander:** 6.2%
- **Churchill:** 7.7%
- **Lyon:** 7.0%
- **Nye:** 8.0%
- **Humboldt:** 6.5%
- **Elko:** 4.8%
- **Humboldt:** 6.5%
- **Elko:** 4.8%
- **Nevada: 8.2%**

**Nevada**

The percent of low-birthweight (LBW) babies in Nevada for 2004-2006 was 8.2. Of the 110,891 babies born during this period, 9,057 weighed less than 5.5 pounds.

Very low-birthweight babies, those weighing less than 1,500 grams or about 3.3 pounds, made up 16.2 percent of the low-birthweight babies for 2004-2006.

**Counties**

Among the 17 counties in Nevada, the percent of low-birthweight babies ranged from a low of 4.8 in Elko and Esmeralda counties to a high of 8.6 in Storey County. Four counties had a percent of low-birthweight babies that was higher than the state rate of 8.2.

## Number of Births by Very Low and Low Birthweight and Mother’s Age Group, Nevada Residents: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mother’s Age Group</th>
<th>Very Low Birthweight (Less Than 1,500 Grams)</th>
<th>Low Birthweight* (Less Than 2,500 Grams)</th>
<th>Total Births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-17</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>1,415</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-19</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>233</td>
<td>2,799</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>765</td>
<td>10,352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>854</td>
<td>11,282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>679</td>
<td>8,151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-39</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>451</td>
<td>4,241</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-44</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>892</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 and over</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL**</td>
<td>525</td>
<td>3,254</td>
<td>39,260</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** NM = Not Meaningful, the percentages for those categories where the number of births was less than 10 are not shown.

*The low-birthweight category includes those births of very low birthweight.

**The counts are not final and are subject to changes.

## Birth Percent for Teens (15-19 Years) by Very Low and Low Birthweight and Mother’s Race/Ethnicity, Nevada Residents: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Birthweight Category</th>
<th>White</th>
<th>Black (African American)</th>
<th>Native American</th>
<th>Asian</th>
<th>Hispanic</th>
<th>Other/Unknown</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Very low birthweight (less than 1,500 grams)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted number</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low birthweight* (less than 2,500 grams)</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted number</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>154</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Live births</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>2,132</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>4,214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted number</td>
<td>1,303</td>
<td>521</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>2,222</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>4,214**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** NM = Not Meaningful, the percentages for those categories where the number of births was less than 10 are not shown. Percentages are adjusted for unknown race/ethnicity.

*The low-birthweight category includes those births of very low birthweight.

**The counts are not final and are subject to changes.

**Source:** Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Health Division, Bureau of Health Statistics, Planning and Emergency Response, Center for Health Statistics and Surveillance, 2008.

## Birth Percent by Very Low and Low Birthweight and Mother’s Race/Ethnicity, Nevada Residents: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Birthweight Category</th>
<th>White</th>
<th>Black (African American)</th>
<th>Native American</th>
<th>Asian</th>
<th>Hispanic</th>
<th>Other/Unknown</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Very low birthweight (less than 1,500 grams)</td>
<td>192</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted number</td>
<td>201</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low birthweight* (less than 2,500 grams)</td>
<td>1,347</td>
<td>433</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>1,024</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>3,254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted number</td>
<td>1,404</td>
<td>451</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>301</td>
<td>1,068</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>3,254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>14.2%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Live births</td>
<td>16,445</td>
<td>3,078</td>
<td>339</td>
<td>2,666</td>
<td>15,403</td>
<td>1,329</td>
<td>39,260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted number</td>
<td>17,021</td>
<td>3,186</td>
<td>351</td>
<td>2,759</td>
<td>15,943</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>39,260**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** NM = Not Meaningful, the percentages for those categories where the number of births was less than 10 are not shown. Percentages are adjusted for unknown race/ethnicity.

*The low-birthweight category includes those births of very low birthweight.

**The counts are not final and are subject to changes.

**Source:** Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Health Division, Bureau of Health Statistics, Planning and Emergency Response, Center for Health Statistics and Surveillance, 2008.
Definition

The Teen Birth Rate is the number of births to teenage females between the ages of 15 and 19, per 1,000 females.

Nevada Average Teen Birth Rate: 2004-2006 (per 1,000 females)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>53.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>42.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>15.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>38.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda NM</td>
<td>48.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey NM</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>41.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>44.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>38.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka NM</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>41.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>36.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minerla</td>
<td>38.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>48.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>38.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>47.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>38.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>39.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>27.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>48.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>39.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>47.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>27.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>38.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>36.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda NM</td>
<td>48.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey NM</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>41.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>44.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>38.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka NM</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>41.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>36.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>38.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>48.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nevada: 46.2

Note: NM = Not Meaningful. Calculated rates based on very small numbers are not statistically reliable. Rates are not shown for counties with fewer than 10 births.


Nevada

From 2004 through 2006 the average teen birth rate in Nevada was 46.2 per 1,000 females ages 15 to 19. The average unmarried teen birth rate for 2004 to 2006 was 36.7.

Of the racial/ethnic groups, Hispanics and blacks (African Americans) had the highest average teen birth rates for 2004-2006, 76.2 and 62.2, respectively, followed by Native Americans (44.4), whites (27.0), and Asians (23.9).

Counties

Among the 13 counties for which statistically reliable teen birth rates could be calculated, Carson City and Clark County had the highest rates, 53.8 and 48.5, respectively. Douglas County had the lowest teen birth rate with 15.7 births per 1,000 teens ages 15 to 19. Rates are not shown for the four counties that had fewer than 10 births.

Number of Births to Nevada Teens (15-19 Years) by Mother’s Race/Ethnicity, Nevada Residents: 2006*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mother's Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Teen Births</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>2,132</td>
<td>50.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td>29.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (African American)</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>11.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>2.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other/Unknown</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>4,214</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The counts are not final and are subject to changes.

Prenatal Care

Definition

Births to Mothers Lacking Adequate Prenatal Care is the percentage of mothers beginning prenatal care in the second or third trimester of pregnancy or receiving no prenatal care at all. Data are reported by place of mother's residence, not place of infant's birth, and include only those women who gave birth, not all women who were pregnant.

Nevada

Approximately 46 percent of Nevada mothers ages 15 to 19 in 2006 had delayed care (began in second or third trimester) or no prenatal care. Of the racial/ethnic groups, whites were the most likely to have received prenatal care in the first trimester (64.2 percent), followed by Native Americans (56.1 percent), Asians (56.0 percent), blacks (African Americans) (54.0 percent), and Hispanics (48.9 percent).

Number and Percent of Prenatal-Care Visits by Mother’s Age Group, Nevada Residents: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mother’s Age Group</th>
<th>Zero</th>
<th>1-5</th>
<th>6-10</th>
<th>11-15</th>
<th>16-20</th>
<th>21-25</th>
<th>26-30</th>
<th>Over 30</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent*</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent*</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent*</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent*</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>8 NM</td>
<td>20 35.7</td>
<td>16 NM</td>
<td>28.6</td>
<td>9 NM</td>
<td>2 NM</td>
<td>1 NM</td>
<td>0 NM</td>
<td>0 NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-17</td>
<td>111 9.2</td>
<td>184 15.2</td>
<td>489 40.4</td>
<td>334 27.6</td>
<td>63 5.2</td>
<td>22 1.8</td>
<td>3 NM</td>
<td>4 NM</td>
<td>1,210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-19</td>
<td>183 7.5</td>
<td>280 11.5</td>
<td>934 38.4</td>
<td>758 31.2</td>
<td>192 7.9</td>
<td>50 2.1</td>
<td>18 0.7</td>
<td>15 0.6</td>
<td>2,430</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>529 5.8</td>
<td>871 9.5</td>
<td>3,188 34.9</td>
<td>3,283 36.0</td>
<td>893 9.8</td>
<td>225 2.5</td>
<td>86 0.9</td>
<td>51 0.6</td>
<td>9,126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
<td>411 4.1</td>
<td>715 7.1</td>
<td>2,932 29.1</td>
<td>4,137 41.0</td>
<td>1,239 12.3</td>
<td>416 4.1</td>
<td>115 1.1</td>
<td>122 1.2</td>
<td>10,087</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>251 3.4</td>
<td>421 5.7</td>
<td>1,973 26.8</td>
<td>3,013 41.0</td>
<td>1,072 14.6</td>
<td>364 5.0</td>
<td>127 1.7</td>
<td>130 1.8</td>
<td>7,351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-39</td>
<td>129 3.5</td>
<td>196 5.2</td>
<td>914 24.5</td>
<td>1,429 38.2</td>
<td>661 17.7</td>
<td>227 6.1</td>
<td>89 2.4</td>
<td>91 2.4</td>
<td>3,736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-44</td>
<td>42 5.5</td>
<td>50 6.5</td>
<td>207 27.0</td>
<td>276 35.9</td>
<td>102 13.3</td>
<td>44 5.7</td>
<td>20 2.6</td>
<td>27 3.5</td>
<td>768</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 44</td>
<td>1 NM</td>
<td>0 NM</td>
<td>15 30.0</td>
<td>10 20.0</td>
<td>12 24.0</td>
<td>3 NM</td>
<td>4 NM</td>
<td>5 NM</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>1 NM</td>
<td>0 NM</td>
<td>1 NM</td>
<td>0 NM</td>
<td>0 NM</td>
<td>0 NM</td>
<td>0 NM</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>1,666 4.8</td>
<td>2,737 7.9</td>
<td>10,669 30.6</td>
<td>13,249 38.1</td>
<td>4,236 12.2</td>
<td>1,352 3.9</td>
<td>462 1.3</td>
<td>445 1.3</td>
<td>34,816**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: NM = Not Meaningful, the percentages for those categories where the number of births was less than 10 are not shown.
*Adjusted for unknown number of prenatal-care visits.
**The counts are not final and are subject to changes. Of the 39,260 live births in 2006, information regarding prenatal-care status is not available for 4,444. Therefore, the figures presented in the total are based on the number of live births for which prenatal care is available (34,816).
Number and Percent of Nevada Teens (15-19 years) with Inadequate Prenatal Care, Nevada Residents: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Women with Delayed Prenatal Care*</th>
<th>Women with No Prenatal Care</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,366</td>
<td>36.9%</td>
<td>326</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Of the 4,214 live births to teen mothers in 2006, information regarding prenatal-care status is not available for 12.1 percent (508). Therefore, the figures presented are based on the number of live births for which prenatal-care status is available (3,706). The counts are not final and are subject to changes.

*Delayed prenatal care is defined as prenatal care begun by mothers in the second or third trimester.


Number and Percent of Nevada Teens (15-19 years) by Mother’s Race/Ethnicity and Trimester Prenatal Care Began, Nevada Residents: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mother’s Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>No Care</th>
<th>First Trimester</th>
<th>Delayed Prenatal Care*</th>
<th>Unknown</th>
<th>Total Births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Births</td>
<td>Percent**</td>
<td>Births</td>
<td>Percent**</td>
<td>Births</td>
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<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>56.0</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (African American)</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>236</td>
<td>54.0</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>915</td>
<td>48.9</td>
<td>769</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>56.1</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>714</td>
<td>64.2</td>
<td>339</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other/ Unknown</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL***</td>
<td>326</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>2,014</td>
<td>54.3</td>
<td>1,366</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: NM = Not Meaningful, the percentages for those categories where the number of births was less than 10 are not shown.

*Delayed prenatal care is defined as prenatal care begun by mothers in the second or third trimester.

**Percentages are adjusted for unknown trimesters.

***Total may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

****The counts are not final and are subject to changes.

Public-Health Programs

Definition
Public-Health Programs assist children from low-income households who need health care.

Number of Children Enrolled in Nevada Check Up (NCU) by County and Age: January 2008

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Less Than 1 Year</th>
<th>1 to 6 Years</th>
<th>7 to 13 Years</th>
<th>14 to 18 Years</th>
<th>Total Children</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>359</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>798</td>
<td>8,968</td>
<td>7,926</td>
<td>3,169</td>
<td>20,861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>249</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>313</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>705</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>1,946</td>
<td>1,909</td>
<td>827</td>
<td>4,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>1,065</td>
<td>12,035</td>
<td>11,327</td>
<td>4,751</td>
<td>29,178</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: “Newborns reported to NCU after the enrollment cutoff date are not captured on the current month’s report.”
Source: Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Health and Health Care Financing and Policy, “Nevada Check Up, Number of Children Enrolled by County and Age,” 1/13/08, available online at: <http://www.nevadacheckup.state.nv.us/Stats/2008/01Jan/2008-01%20Enrolled%20By%20County%20And%20Age.rtf> as of 3/18/08.

Nevada
Nevada has two state-level public-health programs.

Nevada Check Up (CHIP)
Uninsured children ages birth to 18, from families with incomes that are too high for Medicaid and too low to afford private health-insurance coverage, can be covered by Nevada Check Up. Families with income levels up to 200 percent of the federal poverty level may qualify. Program quarterly premiums are based on income and family size. As of January 2008, children covered by Nevada Check Up numbered 29,178. About 80 percent of the children were between the ages of 1 and 13.

Medicaid (Healthy Kids)
The Medicaid program, authorized by the Social Security Act in 1965, is a health-insurance program for low-income individuals and families. In calendar year 2006, an estimated 97,150 children 18 years and younger were Medicaid-eligible.

Counties
Approximately 88.1 percent of the children enrolled in Nevada Check Up resided in Clark County (71.5 percent) or Washoe County (16.6 percent). The majority of enrollees (68.8 percent) were Hispanic.

Nearly 74 percent of the Medicaid-eligible children in Nevada lived in Clark County.
### Number of Children Enrolled in Nevada Check Up by County and Race/Ethnicity: January 2008

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Asian</th>
<th>Black (African American)</th>
<th>Hispanic</th>
<th>Native American</th>
<th>White</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>701</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>1,406</td>
<td>14,469</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>3,358</td>
<td>1,086</td>
<td>20,861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>388</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>356</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>278</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>705</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>3,594</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>921</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>4,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>39</td>
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<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>590</td>
<td>1,496</td>
<td>20,800</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>5,421</td>
<td>1,362</td>
<td>29,178</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Health and Health Care Financing and Policy, “Nevada Check Up, Number of Children Enrolled by County and Age,” 1/13/08, available online at: <http://www.nevadacheckup.state.nv.us/Stats/2008/01Jan/2008-01%20Child%20Enr%20Ethnicity.rtf> as of 3/18/08.

### Enrollment in Nevada Check Up: 2002 to 2008

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 2002</td>
<td>22,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 2003</td>
<td>25,523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 2004</td>
<td>25,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 2005</td>
<td>27,047</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 2006</td>
<td>27,114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 2007</td>
<td>28,321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 2008</td>
<td>29,178</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Health and Health Care Financing and Policy, “Nevada Check Up, Number of Children Enrolled by County and Age,” 1/13/08, available online at: <http://www.nevadacheckup.state.nv.us/enrollmentstats.asp> as of 3/18/08.
# Medicaid-Eligible Children Ages 0-18 by Program for Nevada Counties: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>TANF</th>
<th>Child Only</th>
<th>CHAP</th>
<th>SVK</th>
<th>Disabled</th>
<th>CW XIX</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>253</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>25</td>
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<td>256</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13-18</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>139</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>0-5</td>
<td>214</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6-12</td>
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<td>28</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>120</td>
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<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>13-18</td>
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<td>22</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>0-5</td>
<td>12,990</td>
<td>1,650</td>
<td>10,184</td>
<td>5,627</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>5,011</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1,661</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>8</td>
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<tr>
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<td>50</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>14</td>
<td>296</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6-12</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>121</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13-18</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>0-5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6-12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13-18</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>0-5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6-12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13-18</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>0-5</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6-12</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13-18</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>0-5</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6-12</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13-18</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>0-5</td>
<td>17,092</td>
<td>2,056</td>
<td>13,736</td>
<td>8,079</td>
<td>1,352</td>
<td>2,491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6-12</td>
<td>10,641</td>
<td>2,682</td>
<td>6,440</td>
<td>7,251</td>
<td>2,161</td>
<td>2,765</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13-18</td>
<td>5,692</td>
<td>1,767</td>
<td>3,969</td>
<td>4,473</td>
<td>2,001</td>
<td>2,512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>0-18</td>
<td>33,361</td>
<td>6,505</td>
<td>24,197</td>
<td>19,804</td>
<td>5,514</td>
<td>7,769</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: For estimating purposes only—not official Nevada State Welfare Division (NSWD) caseload history. NSWD LEGACY Monthly Report WL-00427 is a snapshot in time as of the monthly run data for CW. NSWD NOMADS Monthly Report AME44A is a snapshot in time of the monthly run data for all other programs. Both are estimates only.

*TANF = Temporary Assistance to Needy Families, includes Single-Parent Program, Unemployed Parent Program (TANF-UP), and Medical-Only (TANF-MED).

**Child-only cases are typically defined as those TANF cases in which no adult recipient is included in the TANF cash grant.**

**CHAP = Child Health Assurance Program.

SVK = Sneede vs. Kizer (an individual child’s income cannot be used against the entire family’s eligibility for Medicaid assistance).

Disabled = Blind and Disabled combined.


The total number of Medicaid eligibles may not be equal to the Nevada Department of Human Resources’ number due to rounding.

Definition

Children without Health Insurance is the percentage of “children under age 18 who were not covered by health insurance at any point during the year.”

Number of Uninsured Children
Ages 17 and under without Health Insurance in the U.S., Nevada, and Surrounding States: 2005

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>U.S./State</th>
<th>Number of Uninsured</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S.</td>
<td>8,144,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>105,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>256,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>California</td>
<td>1,221,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>43,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>99,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>98,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: “Health insurance includes private sector insurance generally provided through work, as well as insurance provided through the public sector, such as Medicare and Medicaid. Children receiving health insurance through a variety of new State Health Insurance Programs (sCHIP) are counted as having health insurance. The figures shown here are 3-year averages of data.”


Nevada

Using three years of Current Population Survey data (2004-2006), the Annie E. Casey Foundation estimated that 16.0 percent of children ages 17 and under in Nevada were uninsured in 2005 (2005 is the midpoint of the three-year period). This figure is higher than the 11 percent reported for the nation. At 105,000, Nevada ranked 28th among the states on the number of insured children.

Based on data from the 2006 Las Vegas Perspective Survey, an estimated 79.0 percent of the 475 households with children in Southern Nevada were currently covered by health insurance.
### Health-Insurance Coverage for Children Ages 17 and under in the U.S., Nevada, and Surrounding States: 2005

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>U.S. Percent</th>
<th>Nevada Percent</th>
<th>Arizona Percent</th>
<th>California Percent</th>
<th>Idaho Percent</th>
<th>Oregon Percent</th>
<th>Utah Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All children ages 17 and under</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children ages 5 and under</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children ages 6 to 17</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children ages 17 and under by poverty level</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Below 100 percent</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 124 percent</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125 to 149 percent</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150 to 174 percent</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>175 to 199 percent</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 200 percent</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 to 249 percent</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250 percent or above</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note:* “Health insurance includes private sector insurance generally provided through work, as well as insurance provided through the public sector, such as Medicare and Medicaid. Children receiving health insurance through a variety of new State Health Insurance Programs (sCHIP) are counted as having health insurance.”

Definition

The Immunization Rate measures the percentage of children 19 to 35 months of age who are immunized with 4 diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis (DTaP) doses; 3 polio virus vaccine doses; 1 measles, mumps, and rubella (MMR) dose; 3 haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) doses; and 3 hepatitis B doses (4:3:1:3:3).

Percent* of Appropriately Immunized Children at Nevada Health Districts and Community Health Nursing (CHN) Clinics: 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clinic Location**</th>
<th>Immunized (Percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas/Zephyr Cove</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dayton</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fernley</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silver Springs</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yerington</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye/Esmeralda</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: NA = Not Available.
*Percentages are based on appropriately immunized children for the 4:3:1:3:3 series, 4:DTaP, 3:Polio, 1:MMR, 3:Hib, and 3:Hep B.
**There are health districts in the state for Washoe County, Clark County, and Carson City. The state Health Division acts as the local health authority for the rest of the state and is represented by the CHN clinics. There is a CHN for Nye/Esmeralda County that services Esmeralda, but it is technically in Nye County, thus there are no data for Esmeralda County alone.¹


Nevada

Based on the National Immunization Survey, 66.7 (±7.5) percent of children in Nevada 19 to 35 months of age in 2007 were immunized, placing Nevada 50th among the states on the percent of two-year-olds who were immunized with the 4:3:1:3:3 series.² The national average was 80.1 (±1.0) percent.³

Health Districts and Community Health Nursing (CHN) Clinics

Immunization rates, based on Health District and CHN clinic data, ranged from a low of 30 percent in Elko County to a high of 95 percent in Pershing County.


Source: Centers for Disease Control, National Immunization Survey, 2007, available online at: <http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5735a1.htm> as of 2/3/09.
Mental Health

Definition

“Mental Health is a state of successful performance of mental function, resulting in productive activities, fulfilling relationships with other people, and the ability to adapt to change and to cope with adversity.”

Percent of Nevadans Ages 17 and under Who Received Mental-Health Services from DCFS* by Gender and Region: 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South</td>
<td>698</td>
<td>38.3</td>
<td>1,125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North</td>
<td>323</td>
<td>41.1</td>
<td>462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>45.9</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>1,071</td>
<td>39.4</td>
<td>1,646</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Nevada

The Division of Child and Family Services (DCFS) provided mental-health services to 2,717 children and youth ages 17 and under during 2007. Nearly 61 percent of those who received treatment were males and 39.4 percent were females. Of the 2,648 youth and children for which race was identified, 73.9 percent were white, 22.9 percent black (African American), 1.6 percent Native American/Alaskan Native, and 1.6 percent Asian/Pacific Islander. Nearly 22 percent were Hispanic. Ninety-six percent of the total youth seen were seriously emotionally disturbed (SED).

DCFS’ Children’s Mental Health provided the services through Southern Nevada Child and Adolescent Services (SNCAS) and Northern Nevada Child and Adolescent Services (NNCAS). Case management services were provided through SNCAS and NNCAS by the Wraparound in Nevada (WIN) program and through DCFS Child Welfare Services in the rural counties. (Refer to the Notes section for a description of WIN).

*Division of Child and Family Services.

Source: Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services, 2008.
Mental Health

Number of Nevadans of Hispanic Ethnicity Ages 17 and under Who Received Mental-Health Services from DCFS* by Region: 2007

*Division of Child and Family Services.
Source: Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services, 2008.

Number of Nevadans Ages 17 and under Who Received Mental-Health Services from DCFS* by Race and Region: 2007

*Division of Child and Family Services.
**Other includes the categories of no entry, declined to answer, and no one available to identify the child.
Source: Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services, 2008.
Definition

Oral Health “means being free of chronic oral-facial pain conditions, oral and pharyngeal (throat) cancers, oral soft tissue lesions, birth defects such as cleft lip and palate, and scores of other diseases and disorders that affect the oral, dental, and craniofacial tissues, collectively known as the craniofacial complex.”

Nevada

Seven hundred and ninety-four third-grade students in Nevada participated in the Oral Health Nevada 2006 Survey conducted by the Nevada State Health Division in partnership with the University of Nevada, Las Vegas School of Dental Medicine. Oral-health screeners (volunteer dental students and dental residents and a team from Nevada’s Oral Health Program) found that 71.4 percent of the children had untreated decay or fillings, 44 percent had untreated decay at time of screening, and 41 percent had dental sealants (see Notes section for dental sealant definition).

The oral health of the children varied by race and region. Minorities were more likely to have had untreated decay and were less likely to have had dental sealants than white non-Hispanics third graders. Third graders in Clark County were more likely to have untreated decay and were less likely to have dental sealants than third graders in other regions of the state.

The most frequent response from guardians as to why their child was not able to get dental care during the past 12 months if their child needed it but could not get it at that time was that they could not afford it (56.7 percent). Not having insurance (18.9 percent) was the second-most common response.
Oral Health of Nevada’s Third-Grade Students by Region: 2006

Guardians’ Reasons Why Child Could Not Get Dental Care in the Past 12 Months: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Could not afford it</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>56.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No insurance</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>18.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dentist did not accept Medicaid</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Difficulty in getting an appointment</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No way to get there</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No dentist available</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not a serious enough problem</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dentist hours were not convenient</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wait is too long in clinic</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>100.1*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Greater than 100 due to rounding.

Source: Department of Health and Human Services, Nevada State Health Division, Bureau of Family Health Services, January 2007, Oral Health Survey Nevada 2006.
Definition

“AIDS is the abbreviation for acquired immune deficiency syndrome. The disease is caused by a virus known as human immunodeficiency virus, or HIV. The disease was first recognized in the United States in 1981.

A person can be infected with HIV without developing AIDS. The virus can remain in a person’s body for many years without causing serious health problems. During this period, the virus is said to be latent, or inactive. Eventually, however, most people who are infected with HIV do develop AIDS.”

Cumulative HIV, Not Yet AIDS, and AIDS Cases Among Nevada Children and Youth 17 and under by Age and Risk:* Through 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Homosexual or Bisexual</th>
<th>Pediatric Other/Undetermined</th>
<th>Heterosexual Contact</th>
<th>Transfusion</th>
<th>Mother with HIV</th>
<th>Other/Not Specified</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clark County</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13-17</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>14</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rest of State</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13-17</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Prevalence data include data on persons living in Nevada with HIV (not yet AIDS) based on the current address listed in the HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS). These persons may not have been diagnosed with HIV or AIDS in Nevada. Prevalence of HIV (not AIDS) and AIDS can not be compared to data prior to 2006 due to a change in reporting (previous KIDS COUNT data reported the number of new cases of HIV/AIDS diagnosed in Nevada).

*Means by which HIV or AIDS was contracted.


Nevada

The number of cumulative reported human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) [not yet AIDS] and AIDS cases among Clark County children and youth less than 18 years of age through 2006 was 76. The rest of the state reported 12 cases.

Counties

A mother with HIV was the leading means by which HIV or AIDS was contracted among children in Clark County, followed by homosexual or bisexual contact.

Of the 12 cases in the remaining counties, children were most likely to be infected by their HIV-infected mother.
STDs

Definition

“A Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) is a disease transmitted through sexual contact between two people. They may be transmitted through the exchange of semen, blood, and other bodily fluids or by direct body contact. The term sexually transmitted disease applies to more than twenty different infections. At one time, these diseases were more commonly referred to as venereal diseases.”

Nevada

Chlamydia and gonorrhea are common STDs. The tables on page 30 show that in 2006, 1,333 and 332 chlamydia and gonorrhea cases, respectively, were reported in Nevada among children and youth ages 10 to 17.

Counties

Most of the STD cases were reported in Clark County—79.3 percent of the chlamydia cases and 90.1 percent of the gonorrhea cases.

Number of Chlamydia Cases and Rates per 100,000 Population by Age and Gender in the U.S.: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Male Cases</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Female Cases</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Total Cases</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>1,238</td>
<td>11.6</td>
<td>12,364</td>
<td>121.5</td>
<td>13,601</td>
<td>65.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>58,820</td>
<td>545.1</td>
<td>293,392</td>
<td>2,862.7</td>
<td>352,212</td>
<td>1,674.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Cases may not sum to total due to rounding.


Number of Gonorrhea Cases and Rates per 100,000 Population by Age and Gender in the U.S.: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Male Cases</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Female Cases</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Total Cases</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>675</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>3,574</td>
<td>35.1</td>
<td>4,250</td>
<td>20.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>30,119</td>
<td>279.1</td>
<td>66,405</td>
<td>674.9</td>
<td>96,524</td>
<td>458.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Cases may not sum to total due to rounding.

### Reported Chlamydia Cases in Nevada for Youth Ages 10-17, by Gender and Race/Ethnicity: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity and Gender</th>
<th>Clark</th>
<th>Washoe</th>
<th>Rest of State</th>
<th>Unknown County</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>873</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (African American)</td>
<td>179</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown/Other</td>
<td>443</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>184</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>251</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (African American)</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown/Other</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unclassified</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>1,057</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,333</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Persons listed as Hispanic may be of any race.

**Source:** Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Nevada State Health Division, State of Nevada Sexually Transmitted Disease Management Information System (STD*MIS), July 2007.

### Reported Gonorrhea Cases in Nevada for Youth Ages 10-17, by Gender and Race/Ethnicity: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity and Gender</th>
<th>Clark</th>
<th>Washoe</th>
<th>Rest of State</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (African American)</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown/Other</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (African American)</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown/Other</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unclassified</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>299</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>332</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Persons listed as Hispanic may be of any race.

**Source:** Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Nevada State Health Division, State of Nevada Sexually Transmitted Disease Management Information System (STD*MIS), July 2007.
Definition

Substance Use refers to the use of selected substances including alcohol, tobacco products, drugs, inhalants, and other substances that can be consumed, inhaled, injected, or otherwise absorbed into the body with possible detrimental effects.¹

Nevada

According to findings from the Youth Risk Behavior Surveys, the percentage of high school students who smoked was lower in 2007 than in 2005. Substance abuse on school property appears to have decreased over the two-year period.

Nevada Youths’ Substance Use on School Property: 2005 and 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Behavior</th>
<th>State 2005 YRBS*</th>
<th>State 2007 YRBS*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle School</td>
<td>High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoked on school property, last 30 days</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used chew, snuff, dip on school property, last 30 days</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>3.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drank alcohol on school property, last 30 days</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used marijuana on school property, last 30 days</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>5.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Were offered, sold, or given illegal drug on school property in the last 12 months</td>
<td>19.7</td>
<td>32.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: NA = Not Applicable.
*Youth Risk Behavior Survey.
## Substance Use among Nevada Students:
### 2003, 2005, and 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ever tried smoking a cigarette</td>
<td>34.5</td>
<td>57.3</td>
<td>29.0</td>
<td>52.0</td>
<td>25.6</td>
<td>44.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoked first whole cigarette before age 13</td>
<td>16.4</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>14.4</td>
<td>16.1</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>12.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In past 30 days, smoked cigarettes on 1 or more days</td>
<td>10.4</td>
<td>19.6</td>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>18.3</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>13.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In past 30 days, of those who reported current cigarette use, smoked more than 10 cigarettes per day</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>9.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In past 30 days, used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on 1 or more days</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ever had a drink of alcohol other than a few sips</td>
<td>49.7</td>
<td>75.6</td>
<td>48.3</td>
<td>74.1</td>
<td>38.5</td>
<td>71.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Had first drink of alcohol before age 13</td>
<td>36.0</td>
<td>31.9</td>
<td>34.0</td>
<td>31.1</td>
<td>31.1</td>
<td>24.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In past 30 days, drank alcohol on 1 or more days</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>43.4</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>41.4</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>37.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In past 30 days, had 5 or more drinks of alcohol in a row</td>
<td>13.5</td>
<td>27.8</td>
<td>13.9</td>
<td>24.8</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>21.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ever used marijuana</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>46.6</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>39.3</td>
<td>13.2</td>
<td>35.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used marijuana for first time before age 13</td>
<td>11.7</td>
<td>12.4</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>12.3</td>
<td>9.4</td>
<td>8.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In past 30 days, used marijuana</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>22.3</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>17.3</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>15.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ever used any form of cocaine</td>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>7.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In past 30 days, used any form of cocaine</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ever used methamphetamines (speed, crystal, crack, ice)</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>11.7</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>6.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ever used other illegal drugs (heroin, hallucinogens, depressants, tranquilizers, etc.)</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ever used steroid pills or shots without a doctor’s prescription</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>3.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: NA = Not Applicable.*

### Diet and Exercise Behavior of Nevada Youth: 2005 and 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attitude</th>
<th>State 2005 YRBS*</th>
<th>State 2007 YRBS*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle School</td>
<td>High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Believe they are slightly overweight</td>
<td>25.1</td>
<td>30.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are trying to lose weight</td>
<td>46.9</td>
<td>48.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercised to lose weight in past 30 days</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>65.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Went without eating for 24 hours or more to lose weight in the past 30 days</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>11.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used diet pills, powders, or liquids without a doctor’s advice to lose weight in the past 30 days</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>8.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vomited or took laxatives to lose weight in the past 30 days</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>7.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Were physically active for a total of 60 minutes per day on 3 or more of the past 7 days</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watched TV 3 or more hours per day on an average school day</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Played video or computer games or used a computer for nonschool work 3 or more hours per day on an average school day</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NA = Not Applicable.

*Youth Risk Behavior Survey.

Health Conditions and Health Care

Teen Births


Public-Health Programs


Health Insurance


Immunizations

1. Plotnick-Vega, Tanya, Immunization Program, Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Nevada State Health Division, Child, Family, and Community Wellness, e-mail correspondence, 2/9/09.
3. Ibid.

Mental Health


Oral Health


AIDS


STDs


Substance Abuse

Definition

The Percent of Children in Poverty is the percentage of children under the age of 18 who live in families with incomes below the U.S. poverty threshold. In 2005, the U.S. poverty threshold for a family of 4, 2 adults and 2 children, was $19,806.1

Estimated* Percent of Children under Age 18 in Poverty by Nevada County: 2005

Nevada

The Census Bureau estimated that 15.4 percent of Nevada children under age 18 were in poverty in 2005, lower than the 18.5 percent for the nation. Among Nevada’s neighbors, Utah had the lowest child poverty rate, and Arizona had the highest.

Nevada’s estimated poverty rate for children under age five was 18.7, lower than the U.S. rate of 21.3.

Counties

Child poverty rates ranged from a low of 8.1 percent in Storey County to a high of 27.3 percent in Mineral County.

*Model-based estimates.

Estimated Percent of Children under Age 18 in Poverty in U.S., Nevada, and Adjacent States: 2005

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Percent in Poverty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S.</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>20.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>17.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>15.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


U.S. Poverty Thresholds by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years: 2005

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size of Family Unit</th>
<th>Weighted Average Thresholds</th>
<th>Related Children Under 18 Years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>None</td>
<td>One</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One person</td>
<td>$9,973</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 65 years</td>
<td>$10,160</td>
<td>$10,160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 years and over</td>
<td>$9,367</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two persons</td>
<td>$12,755</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Householder under 65 years</td>
<td>$13,145</td>
<td>$13,078</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Householder 65 years and over</td>
<td>$11,815</td>
<td>$11,805</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three persons</td>
<td>$15,577</td>
<td>$15,277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four persons</td>
<td>$19,971</td>
<td>$20,144</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, “Poverty Thresholds 2005,” available online at: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh05.html> as of 1/14/08.
### Affordable Monthly Housing Cost in Nevada by Family Income and County: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>2006 Area Median Income*</th>
<th>Maximum Affordable Monthly Housing Cost by Percent of Family Area Median Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30 Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>$57,300</td>
<td>$430</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>53,700</td>
<td>403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark**</td>
<td>58,200</td>
<td>437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>65,800</td>
<td>494</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>60,100</td>
<td>451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>46,100</td>
<td>346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>57,500</td>
<td>431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>59,700</td>
<td>448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>58,700</td>
<td>440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>51,700</td>
<td>388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>46,500</td>
<td>349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>47,900</td>
<td>359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>52,900</td>
<td>397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>62,800</td>
<td>471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>62,800</td>
<td>471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>58,759</td>
<td>441</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Area Median Income (AMI) estimates are developed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). **Fair Market Rents (FMRs) calculated at the 50th percentile.


### Fair Market Rents (FMRs*) in Nevada by County and Number of Bedrooms: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Zero Bedroom</th>
<th>One Bedroom</th>
<th>Two Bedrooms</th>
<th>Three Bedrooms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>$547</td>
<td>$659</td>
<td>$794</td>
<td>$1,157</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>590</td>
<td>591</td>
<td>743</td>
<td>940</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark**</td>
<td>643</td>
<td>754</td>
<td>891</td>
<td>1,237</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>617</td>
<td>760</td>
<td>923</td>
<td>1,285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>532</td>
<td>578</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>682</td>
<td>906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>682</td>
<td>906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>466</td>
<td>546</td>
<td>717</td>
<td>858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>682</td>
<td>906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>682</td>
<td>906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>488</td>
<td>549</td>
<td>722</td>
<td>1,052</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>682</td>
<td>906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>423</td>
<td>588</td>
<td>653</td>
<td>951</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>682</td>
<td>906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>617</td>
<td>737</td>
<td>911</td>
<td>1,324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>617</td>
<td>737</td>
<td>911</td>
<td>1,324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>682</td>
<td>906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>626</td>
<td>737</td>
<td>881</td>
<td>1,233</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FMRs are gross rent estimates. They include the shelter rent plus the cost of all utilities, except telephones. HUD sets the FMRs to assure that a sufficient supply of rental housing is available to program [Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments] participants.” Source: Department of Housing and Urban Development, October 1995, “Fair Market Rents for the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program,” available online at: <http://www.huduser.org/datasets/fmr/fmrover.doc> as of 3/5/07. **FMRs calculated at the 50th percentile.

**Definition**

“'Child care' . . . means the full range of services used by families to educate and nurture children—services that also allow parents to work or go to school.”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Facility*</th>
<th>Licenses 2000</th>
<th>Licenses 2004</th>
<th>Licenses 2007</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Family home</td>
<td>590</td>
<td>541</td>
<td>471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child-care center</td>
<td>352</td>
<td>352</td>
<td>325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation facility</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group home</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preschool</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-site child-care facility</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nursery for infants and toddlers</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child-care institution</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special-needs facility</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mildly ill</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,065</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,018</strong></td>
<td><strong>909</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL SPACES** | 40,480 | 45,559 | 47,184 |

*Definitions of facilities are in the Notes section.


---

**Nevada**

During January 1, 2004, to June 30, 2007, 909 licensed child-care facilities operated in Nevada. The two most common types were family home and child-care centers, 471 and 325, respectively.

Although the number of licenses in 2007 decreased slightly from 2004, the number of total spaces increased by 1,625.
### Nevada Average Monthly Expenditures* for Child Care by Age of Child and Type of Care: July 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>In-Home</th>
<th>Family Home</th>
<th>Group Home</th>
<th>Child-Care Center</th>
<th>All Types</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-11 months</td>
<td>$346</td>
<td>$485</td>
<td>$450</td>
<td>$478</td>
<td>$468</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-35 months</td>
<td>353</td>
<td>496</td>
<td>433</td>
<td>454</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36-71 months</td>
<td>333</td>
<td>430</td>
<td>423</td>
<td>378</td>
<td>379</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72-155 months</td>
<td>321</td>
<td>405</td>
<td>374</td>
<td>279</td>
<td>289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 155 months</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>158</td>
<td>183</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL AGES</td>
<td>333</td>
<td>446</td>
<td>411</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>366</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Expenditures = monthly subsidy + parent fee.


---

### Race/Latino Ethnicity of Children in the Nevada Child-Care Subsidy Program:* July 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Latino Ethnicity</th>
<th>Total Race</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Latino</strong></td>
<td><strong>Not Latino</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number</strong></td>
<td><strong>Number</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Percent</strong></td>
<td><strong>Percent</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number</strong></td>
<td><strong>Number</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Percent</strong></td>
<td><strong>Percent</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American or Alaskan Native</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>1,960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiraces</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALL RACES</strong></td>
<td>2,335</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*“Child-care subsidy programs receive state and federal funds to subsidize low-income parents’ purchase of child care. Such child-care subsidies most commonly take the form of vouchers to clients or direct payments to providers that offset some or all of the cost of care.”


---

### Co-Pays of Families with Children in the Nevada Child-Care Subsidy Program: July 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Co-Pay Range</th>
<th>Families</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$0</td>
<td>900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$1 to $25</td>
<td>431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$26 to $50</td>
<td>475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$51 to $100</td>
<td>604</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$101 to $200</td>
<td>781</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greater than $200</td>
<td>1,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>4,217</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Total does not sum to 100 due to rounding.

Number and Percent of Nevada Families and Children Who Received Subsidies for Child Care by County: July 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Number of Families</th>
<th>Percent of Families Statewide</th>
<th>Number of Children</th>
<th>Percent of Children Statewide</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>184</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>304</td>
<td>4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>154</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>2,880</td>
<td>67.1</td>
<td>5,034</td>
<td>68.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>917</td>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>1,505</td>
<td>20.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>4,289</td>
<td>99.9*</td>
<td>7,358</td>
<td>100.1*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Total does not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

Nevada Child-Support Enforcement Data:
Federal Fiscal Years 2005 and 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>2005</th>
<th>2007</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total number of open child-support cases</td>
<td>114,440</td>
<td>112,157</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total amount of current support due</td>
<td>$209,666,823</td>
<td>$232,247,703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total amount of current support distributed</td>
<td>$95,778,001</td>
<td>$110,617,458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual percent of current support amount due</td>
<td>45.6%</td>
<td>47.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total cumulative amount of unpaid prior support due for all fiscal years</td>
<td>$940,399,320</td>
<td>$736,747,623</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total amount of unpaid prior support distributed</td>
<td>$47,375,391</td>
<td>$39,502,355</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual percent of unpaid prior support due</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Definition
Child Support is financial support paid by parents to help support a child or children of whom they do not have custody.

Nevada
Nevada’s total child-support collections (withholding, voluntary payment, unemployment compensation, and income-tax withholding) increased from 2005 to 2007. Nevada collected and distributed 47.6 percent of current child support due in fiscal year 2007 compared to 45.6 percent in 2005.

Counties
Three state child-support offices are located in Elko, Pahrump, and Reno. Each of Nevada’s counties, with the exception of Carson City, Esmeralda, Eureka, Lander, Storey, and White Pine, provides child-support services. The state office in Elko manages child-support cases in Eureka County and White Pine County. The Pahrump state office manages child-support cases from Esmeralda County. The Reno state office manages Carson City, Storey County, and the public-assistance portion of Churchill County, Douglas County, and Washoe County child-support cases. Elko’s District Attorney’s Office and Elko’s state office share in the management of Lander County’s child-support cases.1
# Nevada Child-Support Enforcement Data:
Federal Fiscal Year 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County/Office</th>
<th>Total Current Support Distributed*</th>
<th>Total Current Support Due**</th>
<th>Percent of Current Support Distributed***</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Churchill DA</td>
<td>$1,884,231.23</td>
<td>$3,331,872.55</td>
<td>56.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark DA</td>
<td>69,038,554.99</td>
<td>153,518,008.71</td>
<td>45.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas DA</td>
<td>1,585,772.21</td>
<td>2,603,445.09</td>
<td>60.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko DA</td>
<td>6,319,921.86</td>
<td>8,854,847.51</td>
<td>71.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda DA</td>
<td>26,155.92</td>
<td>48,191.19</td>
<td>54.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka DA</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt DA</td>
<td>2,263,649.58</td>
<td>3,443,108.70</td>
<td>65.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander DA</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln DA</td>
<td>300.00</td>
<td>2,663.00</td>
<td>11.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon DA</td>
<td>1,979,181.04</td>
<td>3,642,573.47</td>
<td>54.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral DA</td>
<td>542,001.96</td>
<td>980,257.85</td>
<td>55.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye DA</td>
<td>1,848,649.30</td>
<td>4,757,399.74</td>
<td>38.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carson City DA</td>
<td>3,003,366.09</td>
<td>5,647,085.98</td>
<td>53.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing DA</td>
<td>508,571.40</td>
<td>808,401.88</td>
<td>62.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey DA</td>
<td>8,907.42</td>
<td>19,368.49</td>
<td>46.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe DA</td>
<td>18,416,396.19</td>
<td>35,851,893.82</td>
<td>51.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine DA</td>
<td>9,549.13</td>
<td>16,701.32</td>
<td>57.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Las Vegas PAO</td>
<td>1,246,844.15</td>
<td>4,066,279.13</td>
<td>30.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reno PAO</td>
<td>448,344.57</td>
<td>2,032,035.96</td>
<td>22.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko PAO</td>
<td>1,487,060.65</td>
<td>2,623,568.26</td>
<td>56.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$110,617,457.69</td>
<td>$232,247,702.65</td>
<td>47.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: DA = District Attorney’s Office and PAO = Program Area Office.
**“Of the total current support collected, the amount forwarded to families.”
***“The total amount due from all cases with court ordered child support.”
****“The total amount of current support distributed divided by the total number of collections.” Percentages calculated by CBER.

Source: Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Welfare and Supportive Services, Child Support Enforcement Program.
Economic Well-Being

Children in Poverty


Child Care


Child Support

1. Kaplan, Cathy, Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Child Support Enforcement Program, e-mail correspondence, 1/30/09.
Education and Achievement
Definition
Nevada’s 17 school districts are organized by county.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School District</th>
<th>Grades K*-3</th>
<th>Grades 4-6</th>
<th>Grades 7-8</th>
<th>Grades 9-12</th>
<th>Ungraded**</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>243</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>7,320</td>
<td>3,608</td>
<td>2,078</td>
<td>2,750</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15,756</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>1,417</td>
<td>641</td>
<td>381</td>
<td>844</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>3,853</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>9,238</td>
<td>4,507</td>
<td>2,608</td>
<td>3,939</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>20,862</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*K = Kindergarten.
** “Ungraded for private schools refers to multiple grade grouping,” p. 8.

Nevada
The 2006-2007 data show there were 609 public schools operating in Nevada’s 17 school districts: 352 elementary schools, 94 junior/middle schools, 82 high schools, 60 special schools, 19 charter schools, and 3 K-12 schools. Special schools (defined as student detention facilities, special education schools, and alternative education schools) were located in Clark (n=40), Carson City (n=4), Douglas (n=3), Washoe (n=3), Churchill (n=2), White Pine (n=1), Elko (n=1), Humboldt (n=1), Lincoln (n=1), Lyon (n=1), Nye (n=1), and Mineral (n=1) school districts, and State Board of Education (although not a district, a state sponsor of three charter schools in Clark and Washoe).¹ Four K-12 public/charter schools were in the Clark County School District (CCSD).

Nine school districts offered private schooling to 20,862 students in 2006-2007. The majority of the students were in the lower grades.

Public-school enrollment reached 426,436, a 3.2 percent increase over the 2005-2006 enrollment. By far, the CCSD had the highest public-school enrollment in Nevada with 306,167 students, followed by the Washoe County School District with 65,013.

The largest percentage of students was white (44.5), followed by Hispanic (35.3). Storey County School District had the highest percentage of white students (87.9), whereas the CCSD had the lowest (37.5),² making CCSD a majority minority-enrollment school district.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School District</th>
<th>Enrollment Number</th>
<th>Change in Enrollment**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2005-2006</td>
<td>2006-2007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>8,596</td>
<td>8,423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>4,548</td>
<td>4,463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>293,961</td>
<td>306,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>7,094</td>
<td>6,908</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>9,830</td>
<td>9,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>3,458</td>
<td>3,399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>1,288</td>
<td>1,258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>992</td>
<td>982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>8,697</td>
<td>9,175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>699</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>6,223</td>
<td>6,536</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>804</td>
<td>797</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>64,199</td>
<td>65,013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>1,504</td>
<td>1,420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Board***</td>
<td>599</td>
<td>564</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>413,252</td>
<td>426,436</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Prekindergarten (3- and 4-year-old children receiving special education) through 12th grade and ungraded (students who are enrolled in a nongraded class in a school for special education or students who cannot be assigned) enrollment at the end of the first school month.

**Change in enrollment is the percentage increase or decrease in total student enrollment from the year prior to the previous school year.

***Although the State Board of Education is not considered a ‘District’ it is the State Sponsor of four Charter Schools which are listed separately.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School District</th>
<th>NA/AN*</th>
<th>Asian/PI**</th>
<th>Hispanic</th>
<th>Black (AA***)</th>
<th>White</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>223</td>
<td>2,613</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>5,214</td>
<td>8,423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>314</td>
<td>223</td>
<td>601</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>3,231</td>
<td>4,463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>2,536</td>
<td>27,096</td>
<td>118,019</td>
<td>43,634</td>
<td>114,882</td>
<td>306,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>995</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>5,414</td>
<td>6,908</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>689</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>2,505</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>6,521</td>
<td>9,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>945</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>2,241</td>
<td>3,399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>277</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>882</td>
<td>1,258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>815</td>
<td>982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>404</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>1,730</td>
<td>181</td>
<td>6,692</td>
<td>9,175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>421</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>1,408</td>
<td>227</td>
<td>4,581</td>
<td>6,536</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>212</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>797</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>399</td>
<td>454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>1,590</td>
<td>4,089</td>
<td>20,509</td>
<td>2,486</td>
<td>36,339</td>
<td>65,013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>1,140</td>
<td>1,420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Board****</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>376</td>
<td>564</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>6,800</td>
<td>32,406</td>
<td>150,314</td>
<td>47,053</td>
<td>189,863</td>
<td>426,436</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERCENT</td>
<td>1.6%</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>35.3%</td>
<td>11.0%</td>
<td>44.5%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Pre-kindergarten (3- and 4-year-old children receiving special education) through 12th grade and ungraded (students who are enrolled in a nongraded class in a school for special education or students who cannot be assigned) enrollment at the end of the first school month.

*NA/AN = Native American/Alaskan Native.
**PI = Pacific Islander.
***AA = African American.
****Although the State Board of Education is not considered a ‘District’ it is the State Sponsor of four Charter Schools which are listed separately.

Homeschooling

Definition
Homeschoolers are students whose “parents reported them being schooled at home instead of a public or private school, . . .”


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School District</th>
<th>Grades K-3</th>
<th>Grades 4-6</th>
<th>Grades 7-8</th>
<th>Grades 9-12</th>
<th>Ungraded**</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>533</td>
<td>538</td>
<td>384</td>
<td>527</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>252</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>218</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>730</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>945</td>
<td>1,090</td>
<td>771</td>
<td>1,149</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3,960</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*End of first school month.
**“Ungraded refers to a student who is enrolled in a non-graded class in a school for special education or a student who cannot be assigned to a particular grade because of the nature of his or her condition (NAC 387.111).” p. 8.

Nevada
During the 2006-2007 academic school year, 3,960 children in grades kindergarten through twelve were homeschooled.

Counties
Clark, Washoe, Douglas, and Lyon County School Districts had the highest numbers of children who were homeschooled.

Comparison of Percent Change in Enrollment for Home, Private, and Public Schools in Nevada: Academic Years 2002-2007

Definition
The Iowa Test of Basic Skills (ITBS), developed by the University of Iowa’s Testing Program, is a norm-referenced achievement test for students.

Nevada
At the fourth-grade level, Nevada students performed at the national 50th percentile in reading, and scored above the national average in language, math, and science. At the seventh-grade and tenth-grade levels, Nevada students scored below the national average in all four areas.

Nevada Iowa Test of Basic Skills Scores:
Fiscal Year 2005-2006

**Definition**

*Standardized college-entrance examinations.* (See Notes section for a description of the ACT and SAT exams.)

**Nevada**

The class of 2006 in Nevada earned a composite score of 21.5 on the American College Exam (ACT), which is slightly above the national average of 21.1. The highest possible score was 36. Males’ and females’ scores were nearly the same, 21.6 and 21.5, respectively.

**ACT Score Comparison, *Nevada and the Nation: 2006***

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Nevada</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>20.8</td>
<td>20.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math</td>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>20.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading</td>
<td>22.0</td>
<td>21.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>21.2</td>
<td>20.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Composite</td>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>21.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The average scores are for ACT-tested graduates.


**Average Composite Score for ACT-Tested Nevada Graduates by Race/Ethnicity: 2006**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Average ACT Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian/PI*</td>
<td>22.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/AA**</td>
<td>17.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>19.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA***, Eskimo, or Aleut</td>
<td>18.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>22.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other/No Response</td>
<td>21.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*PI = Pacific Islander.
**AA = African American.
***NA = Native American.

Percent of Nevada Students Meeting ACT College Readiness Benchmark Scores* by Race/Ethnicity: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity Benchmark Score</th>
<th>Math (22)</th>
<th>English (18)</th>
<th>Reading (21)</th>
<th>Science (24)</th>
<th>All Four Subjects (NA)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian/PI**</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/AA***</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA/AN****</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL STUDENTS</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: NA = Not Applicable.
**A benchmark score is the minimum score needed on an ACT subject-area test to indicate a 50% chance of obtaining a B or higher or about a 75% chance of obtaining a C or higher in the corresponding credit-bearing college courses, which include English Composition, Algebra, Social Science and Biology.” p. 3. Scores were based on 4,935 students from the high school graduating class of 2006.

Nevada

The average critical reading (formerly “verbal”), math, and writing scores for the class of 2006 on the Scholastic Assessment Exam (SAT) were 498, 508, and 481, respectively. The corresponding national average scores were 503, 518, and 497.

A gender gap exists on the math and writing SAT scores. Males outscored females on the math section, whereas females outscored males on the writing section. The writing section, which was introduced in 2005, consists of a multiple-choice section and an essay.

SAT Score Comparison, * Nevada and the Nation: 2006

Nevada SAT Mean Scores by Gender: 2006

*Data for 2006 high school graduates who took the SAT during their high school years. 
### Nevada SAT Total Mean Scores by Race/Ethnicity: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Test Takers Number</th>
<th>Critical Reasoning Mean</th>
<th>Math Mean</th>
<th>Writing Mean</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian/PI*</td>
<td>985</td>
<td>483</td>
<td>527</td>
<td>471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/AA**</td>
<td>587</td>
<td>446</td>
<td>439</td>
<td>429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexican or Mexican American</td>
<td>468</td>
<td>472</td>
<td>482</td>
<td>455</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA/AN***</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>481</td>
<td>479</td>
<td>443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Hispanic, Latino, or Latin American</td>
<td>297</td>
<td>472</td>
<td>474</td>
<td>452</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Rican</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>487</td>
<td>484</td>
<td>469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>4,055</td>
<td>512</td>
<td>519</td>
<td>496</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>262</td>
<td>494</td>
<td>497</td>
<td>474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No response</td>
<td>354</td>
<td>527</td>
<td>518</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>7,120</td>
<td>498</td>
<td>508</td>
<td>481</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*PI = Pacific Islander.
**AA = African American.
***NA/AN = Native American/Alaskan Native.


### Nevada Mean SAT Reasoning Test™ Critical Reading and Math Scores, with Changes for Selected Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Critical reading</td>
<td>498</td>
<td>509</td>
<td>-11</td>
<td>508</td>
<td>-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math</td>
<td>508</td>
<td>515</td>
<td>-7</td>
<td>507</td>
<td>+1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

High School Proficiency Examination

Definition
The High School Proficiency Examination (HSPE) tests student achievement and proficiency relative to the 1998 Nevada Content and Performance Standards in English, Language Arts, and Mathematics.\(^1\)


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School District*</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>4.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>721</td>
<td>5.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elko</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>3.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esmeralda</td>
<td>NI</td>
<td>NI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eureka</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lander</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>4.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charter Schools</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>939</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: NI = No Instruction and NM = Not Meaningful—percentages are not calculated for groups with fewer than 10 observations.

*N“District totals include district-sponsored charter-school data, but not state-sponsored charter school data.”


Nevada
Five percent of Nevada students failed the HSPE in academic year 2005-2006.

Students may take the HSPE multiple times. “However, prior to their third and subsequent testing attempts students must receive remediation and/or be enrolled in an approved course of study with the intent of completing requirements for a high school diploma or its equivalent.”\(^2\)

Counties
Of the six school districts that had reliable data, Clark County had the highest percentage (5.8) of students who failed the HSPE, followed by Nye County (4.9).
**Millennium Scholarship**

**Definition**

“In 1999, the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship initiative was enacted into law by the Nevada Legislature, creating the Millennium Scholarship trust fund to be administered by the State Treasurer.”

**Number of Eligible Students for the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship by Nevada School District: High School Graduation Year 2007**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School District</th>
<th>Number of Eligible Students</th>
<th>Number of Students Utilizing Scholarship</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>1,077</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>8,072</strong></td>
<td><strong>4,893</strong></td>
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</tbody>
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*Note: NA = Not Available—Esmeralda County students attend high schools in the neighboring Nye County School District. The actual number of Esmeralda County students eligible for the Millennium Scholarship is not available.*

*Source: Office of the State Treasurer, the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship Program, September 17, 2007.*

**Nevada**

A total of 8,072 students were eligible for the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship in graduation year 2007. (See Notes section for residency requirements.) Nearly 61 percent of the eligible students used the scholarship.

During spring semester 2007, 13,744 students enrolled in higher-education institutions within the state had received scholarship funds. About 66 percent attended the University of Nevada, Las Vegas and the University of Nevada, Reno, the state’s two largest institutions.

**Percent of Students Who Used the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarships: 2000-2007**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Percent Students Using Scholarship</th>
</tr>
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<td>2000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>82.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>80.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>77.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>73.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>69.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>60.6</td>
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*Source: Office of the State Treasurer, the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship Program, September 17, 2007.*
### Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship Program Students with Funds Disbursed by County and Institution: Spring Semester 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>College of Southern Nevada</th>
<th>Great Basin College</th>
<th>Nevada State College, Henderson</th>
<th>Sierra Nevada College</th>
<th>Truckee Meadows Community College</th>
<th>University of Nevada, Las Vegas</th>
<th>University of Nevada, Reno</th>
<th>Western Nevada College</th>
<th>Total Number of Students</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>38</td>
<td>17</td>
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<td>41</td>
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<td>40</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<td>20</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>58</td>
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<tr>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<td>9</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>27</td>
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<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>922</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>2,215</td>
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<td>3,244</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>10</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
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<td>255</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>1,255</td>
<td>4,668</td>
<td>4,355</td>
<td>410</td>
<td>13,744</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Office of the State Treasurer, the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship Program, 2007.
Definition

“Dropouts are students who had withdrawn from school after the first day of fall enrollment, or who had completed the previous school year, but did not return for the start of the new school year.” (See Notes section for the state formula for calculating dropout rates.)

Nevada Dropout Rate by School District: 2005-2006*

Nevada: 4.6%

Note: NI = No Instruction and NM = Not Meaningful—percentages are not calculated for groups with fewer than 10 observations.
*Includes district-sponsored charter school data.

Nevada

Nevada’s dropout rate for grades 9 through 12 decreased from 5.7 percent in 2004-2005 to 4.6 percent in 2005-2006. The graduation rate was 67.5 percent. Of the racial/ethnic categories, Hispanics had the highest percentage of high school dropouts followed by blacks (African Americans), Native Americans/Alaskan Natives, whites, and Asians/Pacific Islanders. Twelfth graders were more likely to leave school than students in grades 9 through 11, and males were more likely to drop out than were females.

School Districts

Among the 11 school districts in Nevada for which reliable dropout rates could be calculated, the percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who dropped out of school during the 2005-2006 school year ranged from a low of 1.2 in Lyon County to a high of 5.6 in Clark County. Clark County, the state’s largest school district with 84,722 students enrolled in grades 9-12, saw its dropout rate decrease over the previous year, from 7.1 to 5.6.
Nevada Dropout Rates by Grade: 2005-2006

- 9th grade: 3.8%
- 10th grade: 4.3%
- 11th grade: 4.4%
- 12th grade: 6.9%
- 9-12th grade: 4.6%


- American Native/Alaskan Native: 4.2%
- Asian/Pacific Islander: 3.2%
- Black/African American: 5.8%
- Hispanic: 6.5%
- White: 3.5%
- All Students: 4.6%


Nevada Dropout Rates by Gender: 2005-2006

- Male: 5.0%
- Female: 4.2%
- All Students: 4.6%

Definition

“‘Special education’ means instruction designed to meet the unique needs of a pupil with a disability at no cost to the parent, including, without limitation, instruction conducted in a classroom, at the pupil’s home or in a hospital, institution or other setting. The term includes instruction in physical education and includes speech and language services, travel training and vocational education if these services are specifically designed for instruction of the particular pupil to meet the needs of the pupil.”

Nevada

On December 1, 2006, 48,230 children ages 0 to 21 were enrolled in special education. By far, the most prevalent disability among Nevada students was a learning disability.

A total of 8,678 students, representing ten school districts, were enrolled in special education programs for the gifted and talented. Children may be admitted starting at the age of four to the special programs.

School Districts

Clark and Washoe districts had the highest numbers of students enrolled in all special education programs, 38,069 and 10,075, respectively.

## Enrollment of Special Education Students Ages 21 and under* in Nevada by Disability Categories: December 1, 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Mentally</th>
<th>Aurally</th>
<th>Speech</th>
<th>Visually</th>
<th>Emotionally</th>
<th>Orthopedically Impaired</th>
<th>Other Health Impaired</th>
<th>Learning Disabled</th>
<th>Deaf/ Blind</th>
<th>Multiple</th>
<th>Autistic</th>
<th>Traumatic Brain Injured</th>
<th>Developmentally Delayed</th>
<th>Total</th>
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</thead>
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<td>237</td>
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<td>35</td>
<td>16</td>
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<td>1,670</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<td>11</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>98</td>
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<td>18</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*“Effective July 1, 1990, eligible handicapped children must be admitted at the age of 3 years to public school special programs established for such children . . .” (NRS 388.490), p. 9.

**NYTC = Nevada Youth Training Center.

***SCS = State Charter Schools.

## Enrollment of Nevada Students in Special Programs: 2006-2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School District</th>
<th>IEP*</th>
<th>LEP**</th>
<th>FRL***</th>
<th>Migrant****</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>1,164</td>
<td>13.9</td>
<td>1,275</td>
<td>15.3</td>
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<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
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</tr>
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<td>7.3</td>
<td>NM</td>
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<td>15</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Pershing</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>7.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storey</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>23.6</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>8,498</td>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>10,537</td>
<td>16.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>3.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charter Schools</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td>NM</td>
<td>NM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>47,914</td>
<td>11.3</td>
<td>70,548</td>
<td>16.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NM** = Not Meaningful—data are not presented for groups fewer than 10.

*Students with disabilities.

**Students with limited English proficiency.

***Students qualifying for free/reduced lunch.


Early Childhood Education

Definition

*Early Childhood Education (ECE) programs “prepare children for schooling starting at age 3; have qualified staff; and have standards for preliteracy, prenumeracy, social and emotional skills, and motor skills.” (See Notes section for definition of prenumeracy skills.)*

Monetary Awards and Early Childhood Education Sites in Nevada: Fiscal Year 2005-2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nevada ECE Project</th>
<th>Monetary Award</th>
<th>Number of Sites</th>
<th>Initiated*</th>
<th>Expanded**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City School District</td>
<td>$230,000</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill County School District</td>
<td>115,000</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark County School District</td>
<td>1,300,000</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classroom on Wheels***</td>
<td>315,000</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas County School District</td>
<td>80,000</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Basin College</td>
<td>115,000</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt County School District</td>
<td>178,500</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing County School District</td>
<td>115,000</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe County School District</td>
<td>470,000</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine County School District</td>
<td>113,672</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>3,032,172</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*“... starting a new pre-kindergarten program where one did not exist previously, serving new children, based on when the Nevada ECE Program originally started in 2001.”

**“... adding a new classroom to an existing pre-kindergarten program, which then serves new children, or improving the services offered to children at existing pre-kindergarten programs, such as by providing more staff or new materials.”

***“For Classroom on Wheels, the definitions are based on when the program originally received funds from the Nevada State Legislature in 1999.”


Nevada

The Nevada Legislature funded early childhood education (ECE) programs via Senate Bill 525, which allowed the Nevada Department of Education (NDOE) to award grants. In FY2005-2006, the NDOE funded 10 sponsors at 41 sites for a total of $3,032,172. Twenty-six programs were initiated and 15 were expanded.

A total of 2,253 participants received services from the ECE programs. One-half of the participants were children. By far, the majority of the children (84.2 percent) were 4 years of age. The remainder of the children were 3 years (n=164), 2 years (n=11), 1 year and younger (n=2), and 5 years (n=1).

Fifty-nine percent of participating children were Hispanic.
Number of Nevada Early Childhood Education Participants by Project: Fiscal Year 2005-2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Families</th>
<th>Children</th>
<th>Adults</th>
<th>Total Participants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>168</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churchill County</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clark County</td>
<td>295</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>299</td>
<td>610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classroom on Wheels*</td>
<td>214</td>
<td>219</td>
<td>222</td>
<td>441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas County</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Basin College</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt County</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pershing County</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe County</td>
<td>303</td>
<td>309</td>
<td>309</td>
<td>618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Pine County</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>1,093</td>
<td>1,125</td>
<td>1,128</td>
<td>2,253</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*“For Classroom on Wheels, the definitions are based on when the program originally received funds from the Nevada State Legislature in 1999.”


Race/Ethnicity of Nevada Early Childhood Education Children: Fiscal Year 2005-2006

- Hispanic: 59%
- White: 27%
- Black: 4%
- Other: 4%
- American Indian: 2%
- Asian: 4%

**Head Start**

**Definition**

“Head Start is a national program that promotes school readiness by enhancing the social and cognitive development of children through the provision of educational health, nutritional, social and other services to enrolled children and families.”

**U.S. Head Start Statistics: Fiscal Year 2006**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Head Start Characteristics</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enrollees</td>
<td>909,201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average cost per child</td>
<td>$7,209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grantees</td>
<td>1,604</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms</td>
<td>50,030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centers</td>
<td>18,875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid staff</td>
<td>218,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volunteers</td>
<td>1,365,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enrollment Composition</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>By Age</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of 5-year-olds and older</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of 4-year-olds</td>
<td>51.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of 3-year-olds</td>
<td>35.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number under 3 years of age</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>By Racial/Ethnic Composition</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (African American)</td>
<td>30.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>39.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian/Alaskan Native</td>
<td>4.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaiian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biracial/Multiracial</td>
<td>6.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unspecified/Other</td>
<td>16.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>34.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Nevada**

Nevada Head Start served 3,896 children in FY2006. (See the following page.) Of the 3,561 children whose type of household was identified, 55.3 percent lived in two-parent households. Nearly 2,000 of the children considered themselves Hispanic/Latino.

**Region**

The regional grantees funded through Region IX were:

- Little People’s Head Start & Early Head Start—Ely
- Northeastern Head Start & Early Start—Elko, Wells, and Jackpot
- UNR Early Head Start—Reno
- Community Services Agency (CSA) Head Start—Reno, Sparks, Fernley, Fallon, and Silver Springs
- CDI—Las Vegas, North Las Vegas, Henderson

(In January 2008, Sunrise Children’s Foundation was awarded the southern Nevada Early Head Start grant. The Head Start grant is currently in transition to Acelero Learning Clark County.)

The Tribal grantees funded through Region XI were:

- Reno Sparks Indian Colony Head Start—Reno and Hungry Valley
- Stuart Indian Community (Carson City) and Dresslerville Indian Community (Gardnerville)
- Inter-Tribal Council of Nevada Head Start—Sparks, Elko, Fallon, Lovelock, McDermitt, Moapa, Owyhee, Nixon, Wadsworth, Susanville, Shurz, and Yerington


64 Education and Achievement

Nevada KIDS COUNT • http://kidscount.unlv.edu
Center for Business and Economic Research, UNLV
### Nevada Head Start Statistics: Fiscal Year 2006

#### Total Enrollment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Funded enrollment</td>
<td>2,754</td>
<td>381</td>
<td>3,135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total children served</td>
<td>3,475</td>
<td>421</td>
<td>3,896</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Race/Ethnicity*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>1,083</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>1,152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>676</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>676</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biracial or multiracial</td>
<td>198</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Native/Alaskan Native</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latino origin</td>
<td>1,995</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>2,068</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Enrollment by Primary Language

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>1,707</td>
<td>385</td>
<td>2,092</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish</td>
<td>1,695</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>1,727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Asian</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>African</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mid East/South Asian</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caribbean</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European and Slavic</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pacific Islander</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native North American</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unspecified</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Hispanic/Latino origin was separated from the racial categories, as such, the sum of the race/ethnicity categories does not equal the total number of children served.

#### Type of Household

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Household</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two-parent homes</td>
<td>1,759</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>1,969</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single-parent homes</td>
<td>1,462</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>1,592</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Primary Health Care

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Health Care</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Needing medical treatment</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>252</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving medical treatment</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Up-to-date on age-appropriate care**</td>
<td>1,307</td>
<td>348</td>
<td>1,655</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical home at enrollment</td>
<td>2,177</td>
<td>393</td>
<td>2,570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical home at end of program year</td>
<td>3,186</td>
<td>396</td>
<td>3,582</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Dental Care

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dental Care</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dental home at enrollment</td>
<td>1,326</td>
<td>390</td>
<td>1,716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental home at end of program year</td>
<td>2,409</td>
<td>396</td>
<td>2,805</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving professional dental exam</td>
<td>1,603</td>
<td>357</td>
<td>1,960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number who had preventative care***</td>
<td>1,568</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>1,675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Needing dental treatment</td>
<td>452</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>581</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Received dental treatment</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>211</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Mental Health

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mental Health</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Referred for mental-health services</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Received mental-health services</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Health Insurance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Insurance</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health insurance at enrollment</td>
<td>2,183</td>
<td>393</td>
<td>2,576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health insurance at end of program year</td>
<td>2,434</td>
<td>395</td>
<td>2,829</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Staff, Centers, and Volunteers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Staff, Centers, and Volunteers</th>
<th>Regional Grantees</th>
<th>Tribal Grantees</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of staff</td>
<td>705</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of centers</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of volunteers</td>
<td>4,536</td>
<td>296</td>
<td>4,832</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Education and Achievement

Formal Education System in Nevada


Homeschooling

High School Proficiency Examination

Millennium Scholarship

High School Dropout and Graduation

Special Education
1. “Special Instruction Services and Programs, Nevada Administrative Code Chapter 388,” (NRS 385.080), available online at: <http://www.leg.state.nv.us/NAC/NAC-388.html#NAC388Sec115> as of 3/24/08.

Early Childhood Education

Head Start

Definition

“Abuse or neglect of a child” means, . . . (a) Physical or mental injury of a nonaccidental nature; (b) Sexual abuse or sexual exploitation; or (c) Negligent treatment or maltreatment . . . of a child caused or allowed by a person responsible for his welfare under circumstances which indicate that the child’s health or welfare is harmed or threatened with harm.” 

Child abuse is investigated by child protective services (CPS) agencies.

Types of Child-Abuse and Neglect Reports

Substantiated: “The reported abusive or neglectful situation/incident is confirmed through the investigation/assessment or court process.”

Unsubstantiated: “The abusive or neglectful situation was not confirmed through the investigation.”

Unknown: Investigation is still pending.

Note: “A report assigned for investigation may contain several allegations . . . . Each allegation is substantiated or unsubstantiated. A report may result in some allegations being substantiated and some not . . . . A family may have more than one report during a reporting period.”

For example, “There could be 2 children and two allegations on each child, and two parents. Both mother and father are alleged to have physically neglected both children, and to have provided inadequate supervision for each child. This generates a total of 8 allegations in that the father has two allegations on each child (4) and the mother the same. If only the inadequate supervision were substantiated for one parent on one child, you would have one of eight allegations substantiated.”

Nevada

In 2007, 5,262 children were victims of child abuse and neglect. Infants ages 6-11 months and youth ages 16-17 years appear to be the least likely to be abused, whereas, children ages 3-9 years seem at the greatest risk.

Males were more likely to have been abused than females during the first 13 years. The pattern reversed after age 13.

Of the 15,694 total reports of suspected child abuse and neglect received, 3,006 (19.2 percent) were substantiated. Nearly 23 percent of the total reports received in Washoe County were substantiated. The corresponding percentages for Clark and Rest of State were 19.2 and 14.6, respectively.

The number of substantiated child-abuse reports received in 2007 ranged from 0 in Esmeralda County to 1,896 in Clark County.

Clark County experienced the highest percentage, 13.0, of physical-abuse substantiated allegations (Rest of State at 9.9 percent and Washoe County at 6.9 percent). Washoe County experienced the highest percentage, 83.9, of physical-neglect substantiated allegations (Rest of State at 77.9 percent and Clark County at 75.2 percent). Rest of the State experienced the highest percentage, 2.5, of medical-neglect substantiated allegations (Clark and Washoe counties at 1.4 percent).
Percent of Child Abuse and Neglect Victims by Age: 2007

Number and Percent of Child Abuse and Neglect Victims by Gender and Age: 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0-5 months</td>
<td>440</td>
<td>52.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-11 months</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>58.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-2 years</td>
<td>478</td>
<td>54.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-5 years</td>
<td>567</td>
<td>53.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-9 years</td>
<td>557</td>
<td>51.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-13 years</td>
<td>389</td>
<td>50.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14-15 years</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>42.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16-17 years</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>42.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>2,710</td>
<td>51.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Percent of Child Abuse and Neglect Victims by Race: 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Clark County</th>
<th>Washoe County</th>
<th>Rest of State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Male</td>
<td>Female</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/African American</td>
<td>581</td>
<td>517</td>
<td>1,098</td>
</tr>
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<td>1,222</td>
<td>2,576</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL*</td>
<td>2,557</td>
<td>2,345</td>
<td>4,902</td>
</tr>
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</table>

*Total does not sum to 100 due to rounding.

**Source:** Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services, Child Abuse and Neglect Data System, CANS Report, 12/5/08.
### Number of Child-Abuse and Neglect Reports by County/Region:
#### 2007 (Ages 17 and under)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Total Reports</th>
<th>Unknown Number</th>
<th>Unsubstantiated Number</th>
<th>Substantiated Number</th>
<th>Substantiated Child Abuse Reports as a Percent of Total Reports*</th>
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<td>13</td>
<td>16.9</td>
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<td>REST OF STATE TOTAL**</td>
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<td>2,290</td>
<td>394</td>
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<td>12,678</td>
<td>3,006</td>
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*Percentages based on small numbers should be used with caution.
**All counties except Clark and Washoe.

### Nevada Child Abuse and Neglect Substantiated Allegations: 2007

#### Type of Maltreatment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Maltreatment</th>
<th>Clark County</th>
<th>Washoe County</th>
<th>Rest of State</th>
<th>Total Allegations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical Neglect</td>
<td>5,577</td>
<td>1,895</td>
<td>858</td>
<td>8,330</td>
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<td>Parent substance abuse</td>
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<td>198</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>1,925</td>
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<td>Lack of supervision</td>
<td>893</td>
<td>262</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>1,302</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parent in jail</td>
<td>564</td>
<td>226</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>890</td>
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<tr>
<td>Threat of harm</td>
<td>438</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>832</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lack of necessities</td>
<td>549</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>741</td>
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<td>Filthy homes</td>
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<td>164</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>597</td>
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<td>Physical neglect</td>
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<td>131</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>288</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parent mental incapacity</td>
<td>199</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>238</td>
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<tr>
<td>Educational neglect</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>208</td>
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<tr>
<td>Legal protection</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>184</td>
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<td>Abandonment</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>50</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>114</td>
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<tr>
<td>Failure protect sexual abuse</td>
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<td>30</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>99</td>
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<td>Parent in hospital</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>59</td>
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<td>Parent physical incapacity</td>
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<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failure to thrive</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
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<td><strong>Emotional Abuse/Neglect</strong></td>
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<td>Rejection</td>
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<td>Mental harm</td>
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<td>Exploitation</td>
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<td>Psychological maltreatment</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<td><strong>Medical Neglect</strong></td>
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<td>Parent fails obtain medical</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
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<td>No services available</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parent refuses medical</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>11</td>
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<td>0</td>
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#### Type of Maltreatment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Maltreatment</th>
<th>Clark County</th>
<th>Washoe County</th>
<th>Rest of State</th>
<th>Total Allegations</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical Abuse</td>
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<td>157</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>1,227</td>
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<td>Bruising</td>
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<td>Threat of harm</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>247</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drug infant</td>
<td>188</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>201</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beating</td>
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<td>32</td>
<td>178</td>
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<tr>
<td>Domestic violence</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning</td>
<td>11</td>
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<td>21</td>
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<td>Shaken baby</td>
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<tr>
<td>Death of child</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
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<td>Cutting</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>Poisoning</td>
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<td>Other</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>158</td>
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<td><strong>Sexual Abuse</strong></td>
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<td>31</td>
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<td>Sexual fondling</td>
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<td>99</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>11</td>
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<td>Voyeurism/Exhibitionist</td>
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<td>9</td>
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<td>Behavior indicators sex abuse</td>
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<td>8</td>
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<td>Sexual exploitation</td>
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<td>Sexual grooming</td>
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<td>2,259</td>
<td>1,101</td>
<td>10,780</td>
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</table>

*Source: Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services, Child Abuse and Neglect Systems, CANS Report, 12/5/08.*
### Family Stress Factors by Region: 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factors</th>
<th>Clark County</th>
<th>Washoe County</th>
<th>Rest of State</th>
<th>Total Factors</th>
<th>Percent of Total Known Factors*</th>
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<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>1,247</td>
<td>1,091</td>
<td>4,438</td>
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<td>1,150</td>
<td>3,772</td>
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<tr>
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<td>644</td>
<td>572</td>
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<td>549</td>
<td>396</td>
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<td>590</td>
<td>423</td>
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<td>Housing conditions/problems</td>
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<td>302</td>
<td>431</td>
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<td>Cooperation with agency</td>
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<td>235</td>
<td>191</td>
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<td>300</td>
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<td>839</td>
<td>4.3</td>
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<td>Mental capacity</td>
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<td>763</td>
<td>3.9</td>
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<td>Employment/Job related</td>
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<td>272</td>
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<td>635</td>
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<td>141</td>
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<td>74</td>
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<td>Lacks community involvement</td>
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<td>Inadequate food/nutrition</td>
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<td>20</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
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<td><strong>6,031</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,448</strong></td>
<td><strong>19,396</strong></td>
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<td>1,612</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>9,015</td>
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Note: More than one factor may be reported in a case finding and, as a result, the number of factors does not reflect the total number of open reports, nor the number of children.

*Based on CBER calculations of the data. Total may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

**Substitute Care**

**Definition**

Substitute Care involves temporary out-of-home placement for children found by a court to be in need of protection. Substitute care includes emergency shelter, foster family care (including placement with relatives), group-home care, therapeutic foster care, respite care, residential treatment care (both in-home and out-of-state), and independent living services (transitional services for youth who are age 18 at the time they leave foster care). These services may be provided through contract or community placement.

**Nevada**

Fewer than 9,000 children/youth were in foster care during 2006. During that time, 4,036 children/youth entered foster care and 3,646 left foster care. Nearly three-fourths of the children/youth in foster care were nine years of age and younger and the majority were white. About 23 percent of the children/youth consider themselves Hispanic. Males were as likely to be in foster care as females (51 versus 49 percent).

Children/youth were most likely to have been removed from their homes and placed in foster care because of neglect (44.2 percent). Most of the children/youth whose foster-care status was closed were returned to their parent(s). The average months for closure was 15.8. After closure, children/youth were most likely placed in a trial home visit, a foster family home (relative), or a foster family home (nonrelative).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Total Number</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Upon Entering</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Upon Leaving</th>
<th>Percent</th>
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<td>0 to 4 years</td>
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<td>45.9</td>
<td>2,090</td>
<td>51.8</td>
<td>1,643</td>
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<td>10 to 14 years</td>
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<td>18.7</td>
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<td>15 to 19 years</td>
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## Substitute Care

### Race of Children and Youth Entering and Leaving Foster Care in Nevada: 2006

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<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>Total Number</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Upon Entering</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Upon Leaving</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black/AA*</td>
<td>2,516</td>
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<td>1,212</td>
<td>27.5</td>
<td>1,000</td>
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<tr>
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<td>166</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>1.8</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
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<td>2.0</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>6,422</td>
<td>67.5</td>
<td>2,876</td>
<td>65.4</td>
<td>2,650</td>
<td>67.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NH/PI***</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>9,513</td>
<td>100.1</td>
<td>4,400</td>
<td>100.1</td>
<td>3,918</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* African American.  
** Native American.  
*** Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander.  
1 Sum is larger than 100 due to rounding.  


### Reasons Children and Youth Entering Foster Care in Nevada Were Removed from Their Homes: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removal Reason</th>
<th>Total Number</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neglect</td>
<td>2,739</td>
<td>44.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parent drug abuse</td>
<td>868</td>
<td>14.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parent incarceration</td>
<td>580</td>
<td>9.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical abuse</td>
<td>531</td>
<td>8.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug affect child</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual abuse</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inadequate house</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emotional abuse</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>2.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abandonment</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic violence</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parental alcohol abuse</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parent can't cope</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parent meth use</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical neglect</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child behavior</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parent death</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relinquishment</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child drug use</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child disability</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treatment services</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile justice service</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child alcohol use</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fetal alcohol</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child meth use</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>6,200</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Sum does not total to 100 due to rounding.  

## Substitute Care

### Reasons for Closure of Foster Care Status of Children and Youth in Nevada: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for Closure</th>
<th>Average Placement</th>
<th>Number of Kids</th>
<th>Days in Custody</th>
<th>Average Months in Custody</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adoption legal</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>455</td>
<td>495,068</td>
<td>36.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged out</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>333,869</td>
<td>65.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custodianship</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,560</td>
<td>17.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death of child</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>3,524</td>
<td>7.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emancipation</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>11,263</td>
<td>46.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guardianship, relative</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>391</td>
<td>179,563</td>
<td>15.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guardianship, nonrelative</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>36,241</td>
<td>19.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protective custody to court custody</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protective custody voluntary</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Runaway</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>8,496</td>
<td>12.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return to caretaker</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>993</td>
<td>235,947</td>
<td>7.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return to parent</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1,298</td>
<td>398,985</td>
<td>10.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return to relative</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>5,911</td>
<td>1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer from the agency</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>6,493</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer to the tribe</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>5,511</td>
<td>12.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voluntary protective custody</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>3,646</td>
<td>1,723,529</td>
<td>15.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


### Foster Care Placements in Nevada: 2006

![Foster Care Placements in Nevada: 2006](image)

Definition
Adoption is a service provided for children who cannot be reared by their birth parents and who need and can benefit from new and permanent family ties established through legal adoption.¹

Nevada
During calendar year 2006, 500 adoptions were finalized. About 51 percent of the adoptees were 0-4 years of age, 72.5 percent were white, and 18 percent were Hispanic. Washoe County had a higher percentage of adoptees of Hispanic ethnicity than Clark County (27 versus 16).

Families who adopt children with special needs are eligible for adoption subsidies. Three hundred thirty-six children received adoption subsidies (financial assistance), a statewide average of $594 a month. For a discussion on adoption subsidies, see Notes section.

Percent of Finalized Adoptions by Gender:
Calendar Year 2006


¹Division of Child and Family Services. DCFS serves the remaining 15 rural counties. Source: Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services, March 29, 2007.
Average Adoption Subsidy* in Nevada: Monthly Subsidy Summary: 2006

Average Number of Children in Nevada Receiving Adoption Subsidy, Monthly Subsidy Summary: 2006

*Families who adopt children with special needs are eligible for adoption subsidies.
**Division of Child and Family Services.
### Percent of Finalized Adoptions in Nevada by Age: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Total Adoptions</th>
<th>0-4 Years</th>
<th>5-9 Years</th>
<th>10-14 Years</th>
<th>15-19 Years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>331</td>
<td>51.4</td>
<td>62.0</td>
<td>19.3</td>
<td>3.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCFS*</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>52.7</td>
<td>26.3</td>
<td>10.5</td>
<td>10.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>48.9</td>
<td>40.4</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>50.8</td>
<td>29.8</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Division of Child and Family Services.


### Percent of Finalized Adoptions in Nevada by Race: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Asian/PI*</th>
<th>Black/AA**</th>
<th>NA***</th>
<th>White</th>
<th>Unknown</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>30.8</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>64.3</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCFS****</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>90.0</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>88.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>22.9</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>72.5</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: More than one race may have been identified.

*PI = Pacific Islander.

AA = African American.

NA = Native American/Alaskan Native.

Division of Child and Family Services.


### Percent of Finalized Adoptions in Nevada by Gender of Child: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Total Adoptions</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>331</td>
<td>52.3</td>
<td>47.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCFS*</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>42.1</td>
<td>57.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>48.1</td>
<td>51.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>50.4</td>
<td>49.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Division of Child and Family Services.


### Adoptive Parent’s Prior Relationship to Child/Youth, Nevada: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Foster Parent</th>
<th>Grandparent</th>
<th>Aunt/Uncle</th>
<th>Other Relative</th>
<th>Nonrelative</th>
<th>Unknown</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>331</td>
<td>53.5</td>
<td>14.2</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>16.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCFS*</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>44.7</td>
<td>15.8</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>26.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>47.4</td>
<td>14.5</td>
<td>9.9</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>13.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>51.2</td>
<td>14.4</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>16.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Division of Child and Family Services.

References

Child and Youth Safety/Welfare

Child Abuse and Neglect
1. NRS 432B.020 Chapter 432B - Protection of Children from Abuse and Neglect, available online at: <http://www.leg.state.nv.us/nrs/nrs-432B.html#nrs432Bsec010> as of 3/13/08.
3. Ibid.
4. Morton, Thomas, Clark County Department of Family Services, e-mail correspondence, 1/23/09.
5. Morton, Thomas, Clark County Department of Family Services, e-mail correspondence, 2/11/09.

Substitute Care

Adoption
Juvenile Justice
Juvenile Crime

Definition
The Juvenile Violent Crime Arrest Rate measures the rate at which youths (per 100,000) between the ages of 10 and 17 are arrested for violent crimes. In Nevada, juvenile violent crime includes murder, nonnegligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Nevada Average Juvenile Violent Crime Arrest Rate: 2004-2006 (Per 100,000 youths ages 10-17)

Nevada: 203.8

Note: NM = Not meaningful. Only rates for counties with an age-specific population of 5,000 or more are shown. See County Data: 2006 for numbers. Source: CBER calculations based on Nevada Department of Public Safety data, 2006, Crime and Justice in Nevada 2006.
Number of Nevadans Ages 17 and under Referred* by Age Category: 2003-2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Category</th>
<th>2003</th>
<th>2004**</th>
<th>2005</th>
<th>2006</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 10</td>
<td>236</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-12</td>
<td>1,796</td>
<td>1,526</td>
<td>1,365</td>
<td>1,473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13-14</td>
<td>5,567</td>
<td>5,142</td>
<td>4,709</td>
<td>4,861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>4,249</td>
<td>4,141</td>
<td>3,952</td>
<td>4,159</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>4,790</td>
<td>4,820</td>
<td>4,473</td>
<td>4,831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>6,030</td>
<td>5,834</td>
<td>5,401</td>
<td>5,429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>22,668</td>
<td>21,635</td>
<td>20,111</td>
<td>20,963</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Data are from the police departments’ and sheriffs’ offices. Nevada Division of Investigations (NDI) Drug, Nevada Highway Patrol (NHP) Drug, and Driving under the Influence (DUI) arrest totals are not included.

*Includes any contact with the juvenile justice system.

**In 2004, there was an adjustment in the Reno Police Department’s aggravated assault numbers. The 2004 numbers reflect that change.

Juvenile Crime

Total Number of Nevadans Ages 8-18 Who Received Referrals* to the Nevada Juvenile Justice System by County and Gender: Fiscal Year 2006

*Include all juveniles that came into contact with the juvenile justice system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clark County</td>
<td>3,920</td>
<td>2,004</td>
<td>3,315</td>
<td>1,459</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>233</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>4,695</td>
<td>1,662</td>
<td>17,620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe County</td>
<td>2,535</td>
<td>1,626</td>
<td>387</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>1,806</td>
<td>684</td>
<td>7,580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rest of State</td>
<td>2,830</td>
<td>1,556</td>
<td>156</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>716</td>
<td>301</td>
<td>5,925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>9,285</td>
<td>5,186</td>
<td>3,858</td>
<td>1,711</td>
<td>287</td>
<td>173</td>
<td>352</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>7,217</td>
<td>2,647</td>
<td>31,125</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Include all juveniles that came into contact with the juvenile justice system.
## County and Municipal Drug and Liquor Juvenile Referrals* in Nevada by Age: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Category</th>
<th>Drug Referrals</th>
<th>Liquor Referrals</th>
<th>Total Drug and Liquor Referrals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sales &amp; Manufacturing</td>
<td>Possession</td>
<td>DUI**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 10</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-12</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13-14</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>245</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>234</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>299</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>372</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</td>
<td>264</td>
<td>1,190</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</td>
<td>2,648</td>
<td>9,789</td>
<td>11,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRAND TOTAL ARRESTS</td>
<td>2,912</td>
<td>10,979</td>
<td>11,090</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Include all juveniles that came into contact with the juvenile justice system.

**Driving under the influence.

### Juvenile Crime

#### Arrests* in Nevada by Offense and Age: 2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense</th>
<th>10-12 Years of Age</th>
<th>13-14 Years of Age</th>
<th>15 Years of Age</th>
<th>16 Years of Age</th>
<th>17 Years of Age</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Percent of All Arrests**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Curfew and loitering-law violations</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>594</td>
<td>696</td>
<td>884</td>
<td>1,080</td>
<td>3,378</td>
<td>16.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other offenses (except traffic)</td>
<td>228</td>
<td>785</td>
<td>732</td>
<td>798</td>
<td>806</td>
<td>3,349</td>
<td>16.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larceny—Theft</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>601</td>
<td>507</td>
<td>481</td>
<td>606</td>
<td>2,400</td>
<td>11.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other assaults</td>
<td>298</td>
<td>627</td>
<td>427</td>
<td>428</td>
<td>382</td>
<td>2,162</td>
<td>10.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor laws</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>292</td>
<td>476</td>
<td>741</td>
<td>1,708</td>
<td>8.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Runaway</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>404</td>
<td>386</td>
<td>390</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>1,534</td>
<td>7.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug-abuse violations</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>323</td>
<td>285</td>
<td>361</td>
<td>440</td>
<td>1,452</td>
<td>7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other offenses (except traffic)</td>
<td>228</td>
<td>785</td>
<td>732</td>
<td>798</td>
<td>806</td>
<td>3,349</td>
<td>16.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vandalism</td>
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*Note: The data reflect statistics reported to the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program by the participating law-enforcement agencies.

**The UCR Program procedures require that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion a person is taken into custody, notified or cited. Annual arrest figures do not measure the number of individuals arrested since one person may be arrested several times during the year for the same or different offenses.* (p. 65).

**CBER calculations for all arrests ages 10-17.

# Nevada County Data: 2006

## Health Conditions and Health Care

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Total Births*</th>
<th>Births Less Than 2,500 g. (5.5 lbs.)*</th>
<th>Births to Teens Ages 15-19*</th>
<th>Births to Unmarried Teens Ages 15-19*</th>
<th>Female Population Ages 15-19</th>
<th>Number of Children Below Poverty Level Ages 0-17 (2005)</th>
<th>9th Grade Dropouts</th>
<th>10th Grade Dropouts</th>
<th>11th Grade Dropouts</th>
<th>12th Grade Dropouts</th>
<th>Number of Graduates</th>
<th>Juvenile Violent Crime Ages 10-17</th>
<th>Population Ages 10-17</th>
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</tbody>
</table>

*Note: NA = Not Applicable.*

*The counts are not final and are subject to changes.*

**Esmeralda County students attend high school in the neighboring Nye County School District.

*Source:* Nevada State Demographer, Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, U.S. Census Bureau, and Nevada Department of Education.
Child Care

Useful descriptions for Nevada child-care facilities are defined by law and may be found in NAC-432A-Services and Facilities for Care of Children.

“’Accommodation facility’ means a facility which is operated: 1. By a business that is licensed to conduct a business other than the provision of care to children; and 2. As an auxiliary service provided for the customers of the primary business.” (NAC 432A.012)

“’Child-care center’ means any facility in which the licensee regularly provides day or night care for more than 12 children.” (NAC 432A.050)

“’Child-care institution’ means a facility in which the licensee provides care during the day and night and provides developmental guidance to 16 or more children who do not routinely return to the homes of their parents or guardians.” (NAC 432A.070)

“’Family home’ means any facility in which the licensee regularly provides care without the presence of parents, for at least five and not more than six children.” (NAC 432A.100)

“’Group home’ means any facility in which the licensee regularly provides care for no less than seven and no more than twelve children.” (NAC 432A.110)

“’Nursery for infants and toddlers’ means a child care facility in which the licensee provides care for five or more children who are under 2 years of age.” (NAC 432A.145)

“’Preschool’ means a facility in which the licensee has established specific goals to enhance each child’s cognitive, social, emotional, physical and creative development.” (NAC 432A.140)

“’Special-needs facility’ means a child care facility providing care to children with special needs in which those children comprise 40 percent or more of the total number of children for whom the facility is licensed to provide care.” (NAC 432A.160)

“’On-site child-care facility’ means an establishment that:
1. is licensed pursuant to this chapter;
2. provides care to the children of employees of a business at the place of employment;
3. provides care on a temporary or permanent basis, during the day or overnight, to five or more children who are under the age of 18 years and who are not related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to an owner or manager of the business; and
4. is owned, operated, subsidized, managed, contracted for or staffed by the business.” (NRS 432A.0275)


Adoption

In Nevada, families who adopt children with special needs are eligible for adoption subsidies. The monthly rate for children ages 0-12 and 13-18 is $591.69 and $681.92, respectively.

Special needs is defined as: “There exists with respect to the child a specific factor or condition (such as ethnic background, age or membership in a minority or sibling group, or the presence of factors such as a medical condition or physical, mental, or emotional handicaps) because of which it is reasonable to conclude that such child cannot be placed with adoptive parents without providing assistance.

a. Child is 6 years of age or older if age is the only determining factor;
b. Child is a member of a sibling group of two or more to be placed together, and at least one of the children is age 6 years old;
c. Child has a diagnosed medical, physical, emotional, or mental disability or documented history of abuse/neglect which requires ongoing treatment; or
d. Child belongs to a minority race or ethnic group and children of that group cannot be readily placed due to lack of placement resources.”


Mental Health

“Wraparound In Nevada for Children and Families (WIN) provides intensive clinical case management supporting a comprehensive system of care for children with Severe Emotional Disturbance (SED) who are in the care and/or custody of a public Child Welfare Agency.”

Oral Health

“A dental sealant (also called a pit and fissure sealant) is a plastic, professionally-applied material that is put on the chewing surfaces of back teeth to prevent cavities.”


Education

American College and Scholastic Assessment Exams

The American College (ACT™) exam and the Scholastic Assessment (SAT®) exam are college-entrance exams.

“The ACT® test assesses high school students’ general educational development and their ability to complete college-level work:

• The multiple-choice tests cover four skill areas: English, mathematics, reading, and science.
• The Writing Test, which is optional, measures skill in planning and writing a short essay.”


“The SAT Reasoning Test is a measure of the critical thinking skills you’ll need for academic success in college. The SAT assesses how well you analyze and solve problems—skills you learned in school that you’ll need in college. The SAT is typically taken by high school juniors and seniors.”


Millennium Scholarship

Students may establish residency for eligibility requirements by:

1. Providing evidence that a parent has been a resident of the State of Nevada, as defined by the residency requirements in Title 4, Chapter 15, for the last two years of the student’s high school attendance and verifying financial dependence on the parent, or
2. Providing evidence that a parent who is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, on active duty, and stationed outside Nevada as a result of a permanent change of duty station pursuant to military orders, was a resident of the State of Nevada at the time of enrollment in the Armed Forces and has continued to maintain Nevada as the official state of residence.”


High School Dropouts and Graduation

1. “The formula used for calculating dropout rate is:

\[
\frac{\text{Total Dropouts} + \text{Total Non-Returns}}{\text{Total Enrollment} + \text{Total Non-Returns}} \times 100
\]


2. “The graduation rate is calculated using the following formula:

\[
\frac{\text{## St D} + \text{## Ad D} + \text{## Adv D}}{\text{## Comp} + \text{DO 12 Y} + \text{DO 11 Y-1} + \text{DO 10 Y-2} + \text{DO 9 Y-3}} \times 100
\]

Where:

## St D = Number of Standard Diplomas,
## Adv D = Advanced Diplomas,
## Ad D = Number of Adult Diplomas,
## Comp = Number of Completers (Standard, Advanced, Adult, Adjusted, Certificates of Attendance),
DO 12 Y = Number of 12th Grade Dropouts from Current Year,
DO 11 Y-1 = Number of 11th Grade Dropouts from Year Previous,
DO 10 Y-2 = Number of 10th Grade Dropouts from 2 Years Previous,
DO 9 Y-3 = Number of 9th Grade Dropouts from 3 Years Previous”


Early Childhood Education

“Prenumeracy skills are the abilities that a child develops in the early years that allow her/him to understand size, shape, amount, dimension, and the correspondence between objects and words associated with counting and measurement.”

The Annie E. Casey Foundation
For their continued support and information throughout the year

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For designing the front and back covers and section dividers

CBER Staff
Richard Boland, Grants Coordinator
Peggy Jackman, Research Associate
Svetlana Taggart, Research Assistant
For their support of KIDS COUNT throughout the year

Nevada KIDS COUNT Partners

The University of Nevada Cooperative Extension (UNCE) is an educational outreach unit of the University of Nevada, Reno. UNCE provides educational programs throughout the state by conducting needs assessments, designing and delivering educational programs, and conducting evaluation studies. Known for its 4-H youth work, UNCE also offers a number of award-winning programs for vulnerable children and families.

The Nevada KIDS COUNT Executive Committee provides support to Nevada KIDS COUNT by serving as a link to the community by identifying relevant children and youth issues and promoting KIDS COUNT throughout the state. Each member offers expertise on specific areas of child well-being.

The Nevada KIDS COUNT Associate Members are committed to the KIDS COUNT project by serving on either the data or the editing committee.
Acknowledgements

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